

By Allah's name Ar-Rahman Ar-Raheem (The Multitudinous Mercy Giver)

1. The Praise (is) for Allah Who [He] created the Heavens and the Earth and [He] made the darknesses and the illumination; afterwards who unbelieved they by their Lord ya'adeloona (they equalize i.e. they partner	ٱلْحُمْدُ لِلَّهِ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَ ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضَ وَجَعَلَ ٱلظُّلْمَنتِ وَٱلنُّورَ ثُمَّ
other deities by Allah).	ٱلَّذِينَ كَفُرُواْ بِرَبِّهِمْ يَعْدِلُونَ شَ
2.He Who created youb of a mud; afterwards [He] judged ajalan ¹⁴⁴⁵ (term-limit), and ajalon (=ajalan) musamma ¹⁴⁴⁶	هُوَ ٱلَّذِي خَلَقَكُم مِن طِينِ ثُمِّ
(that which is designated and/or named) endaho (by His munificence/by His Rule); afterwards you ^z dubitate.	قَضَىٰ أُجَلا وَأُجَلُ مُسَمَّى عِندَهُر ثُمَّ أَنتُمْ تَمْتُونَ ﴿
3. And He (<i>is</i>) Allah in the Heavens ^w and in the Earth ^w ; [He] knows your ⁿ secret and your ⁿ disclosure ¹⁴⁴⁷ and [He] knows what you ^z earn.	وَهُوَ ٱللَّهُ فِي ٱلسَّمَـٰوَّتِ وَفِي ٱلْأَرْضِ يَعْلَمُ سِرَّكُمْ وَجَهْرَكُمْ وَيَعْلَمُ مَا تَكْسِبُونَ ﴿
4. And not ta'tee (comes/being sent)(to)them of an Aya'ten ^w (miracle/sign/message) of their Lord's Aya'te ^w (miracles/signs/messages) ^w except they ^z were a'n (off) it ^w shunners.	وَمَا تَأْتِيهِم مِّنْ ءَايَةٍ مِّنْ ءَايَنتِ رَبِّمْ إِلَّا كَانُواْ عَنَّهَا مُعْرِضِينَ ٢
5. So <i>qad</i> (<i>already and affirmatively</i>) they ^z denied by the right ^x <i>lamma</i> (<i>when/whence</i>) it ^x came (<i>to</i>) them; so will	فَقَدْ كَذَّبُواْ بِٱلْحَقِّ لَمَّا جَآءَهُمْ
ya'tee (approach/come to) them an'ba'o ¹⁴⁴⁸ (significant-and-availing-news) (of) what they were by it yastah'zeoona (jesting/affirmably jesting).	فَسَوْفَ يَأْتِيهِمُ أَنْبَتُوا مَا كَانُوا بِهِـ
6. Have not seen they how-many 1449 We perished of before	يُسْتُهْرَءُونَ ۞ أَلَمْ يَرَوْاْ كُمْ أَهْلَكُنَا مِن قَبْلِهِم مِّن
them of a generation We established/empowered ¹⁴⁵⁰	أَمْ يُرُورُ مُمْ المُعَالِمُ اللَّهُ عَبِيهِمُ مِنْ الْمُرْ وَمُ الْمُرْ مُا لَمُرْ
them in the Earth w what not [We] established/- empowered [for] you ^z ; and We sent the Heaven w	نُمَكِّن لَّكُرْ وَأُرْسَلْنَا ٱلسَّمَاءَ عَلَيْهِم
over them (showering) abundantly; and We made the	مِّدْرَارًا وَجَعَلْنَا ٱلْأَنْهَىرَ تَجُرِي مِن
rivers run from beneath them then We (<i>caused</i>) them (<i>to</i>) perish by their offenses and We established-	تَحْتِهمْ فَأَهْلَكُنِيهُم بِذُنُوبِهمْ وَأَنشَأْنَا
/found from after them generation [others] ¹⁴⁵¹ .	مِنْ بَعْدِهِمْ قَرَّنًا ءَاخَرِينَ ٢

اللسان means term-limit, see "الأجل" means term-limit, see

¹⁴⁴⁶ The word "musamma" is masculine, singular, subjective noun, meaning: that which is designated and/or named.

¹⁴⁴⁷ The word "is a subjective, singular, masculine noun, meaning that which is disclosed, and disclosure is the closest in the sense of "exposure." The word "loudening," in terms of sound, does not seem applicable here.

¹⁴⁴⁸ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "naba'a."

¹⁴⁴⁹ The word "בא" is an interrogative exclamatory particle, meaning: "how-many," "how-much," "how-long."
1450 The word "مكن" in "مكناكم" means "found" or "established." It also means "enabled" or "empowered." Clearly, the English word "established" does not imply or connote the same as "مكن" per se.

1451 The word "قرين" = "generation" is a group of generally contemporaneous individuals regarded as having common cultural or social characteristics and attitudes. Thus, the word "آخرين" = "others" is very apt description for the individuals of the "generation" and not as all lumped together.

7. And had nazzalna (We recurrently descended) on you $^{
m g}$ a وَلُو نَزُّلْنَا عَلَيْكَ كِتَنبًا فِي قِرْطَاس book in a paper (parchment) then touched it they book فَلَمَسُوهُ بِأَيْدِيهِمْ لَقَالَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفَرُوٓاْ by their hands surely (would have) said who runbelieved إِنْ هَاذَآ إِلَّا سِحْرٌ مُّبِينٌ ﴿ they^z: en (not) this except a magic manifester. 8. And said they^z: lawla (why have not) (been) descended on وَقَالُواْ لَوْلَا أَنزلَ عَلَيْهِ مَلَكٌ وَلَوْ him an angel; and had We descended an angel أَنزَلْنَا مَلَكًا لَّقُضِيَ ٱلْأَمْرُ ثُمَّ لَا surely (would have been) judged/finished the matter; afterwards not they^z (be) reprieved. يُنظِّرُونَ 📾 9. And had We made him an angel surely We (would have) وَلَوْ جَعَلْنَهُ مَلَكًا لَّجَعَلَّنَهُ رَجُلًا made him a man (to deal with men) and surely We (would have) addled on them what they^z (are) addling. وَلَلْبُسْنَا عَلَيْهِم مَّا يَلْبِسُونَ ۞ 10. And lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) istoh'ze'a (had وَلَقَدِ ٱسَّةُزِئَ بِرُسُلِ مِّن قَيْلِكَ been jested/affirmably jested) by messengers of before you^g; then *haga* (*deservedly besieged*) by whom ^r scoffed فَحَاقَ بِٱلَّذِينَ سَخِرُواْ مِنْهُمِ مَّا they z of them what they were by it x yastah'zeona كَانُواْ بِهِ يَسْتَهْزِءُونَ 🕲 (affirmably jesting they z). قُلُ سِيرُوا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ ثُمَّ ٱنظُرُوا 11. Let-say [you^s]: let-tread you^z in the land; w afterwards let-look you^z how [was] the deniers' consequence^w. كَيْفَكَانَ عَنقبَةُ ٱلْمُكَذّبينَ ٦ 12. Let-say [you^s]: for whom^a what (are) in the Heavens^w قُل لِّمَن مَّا فِي ٱلسَّمَاوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ and the Earth^w; let-say [you^s]: for Allah; [He] wrote قُل لِلَّهُ ۚ كَتَبَ عَلَىٰ نَفْسِهِ ٱلرَّحْمَةَ ۚ on Himself^w the mercy^w surely assuredly¹⁴⁵² gathers لَيَجْمَعَنَّكُمْ إِلَىٰ يَوْمِ ٱلْقِيَهَةِ لَا you b [He] to The Qeyamatey'sw (Judgment's) Day x no suspicion (is) in it x; who r lost they z their selves w رَيْبَ فِيهِ ۚ ٱلَّذِيرِ ۚ خَسِرُوۤا أَنفُسَهُمْ verily they believe not. فَهُمْ لَا يُؤْمِنُونَ ﴾ 13. And for Him (are) what reposed in the night and in وَلَهُ مَا سَكَنَ فِي ٱلَّيْلِ وَٱلنَّهَارِ the day; and He (is) The Sameeo1453 (The Acute-Hearer/The Enabler of others to hear/favorable Answerer وَهُوَ ٱلسَّمِيعُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ السَّمِيعُ to prayer) The Omniscient. 14.Let-say[you^s]:do other than Allah attakhetho¹⁴⁵⁴ (I take قُلُ أَغَيْرُ ٱللَّهِ أَتَّخِذُ وَلِيًّا فَاطِر and presume) a wa'leyan(guardian/ally); the Heavens' wand ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَهُوَ يُطْعِمُ the Earth's * Fatte're (innately-perfect-Originator); while youtt'emo ([He] gives to: ingest/feed) and [He] (is) not youtt'-وَلَا يُطْعَمُ ۚ قُلۡ إِنِّيۤ أُمِرۡتُ أَنَّ amo (given to: ingest/feed); let-say [you^s]: that I (had been) أُكُونَ أُوَّلَ مَنْ أَسْلَمَ وَلَا commanded that [I] be first(of) who p aslama (he became Muslim); and let-not you g assuredly be of the mushre-تَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿ keena(he-they who partner deities with Allah/he-polytheists). 15. Let-say[you^s]: verily I fear/know¹⁴⁵⁵ en(if) I disobeyed قُلِ إِنَّ أَخَافُ إِنَّ عَصَيْتُ رَيِّي my Lord a great day's torment. عَذَابَ يُومِ عَظِيمِ اللهِ 16. Whomever (is to be) parried a'n (off/regarding) him مَّن يُصِّرَفُ عَنَّهُ يَوْمَهِذِ فَقُدُ رَحِمَهُ then-day then gad (already and affirmatively) [Allah] ra'hema (had accorded mercy to) him; and tha'leka (afar-وَذَالِكَ ٱلْفُورُ ٱلْمُبِينُ that-it)x (is) the win the manifester.

¹⁴⁵² The "اليجمعنكم" is a juratory "القاعد" amounting to=",التأكيد" i.e. affirmation, expressed here by "assuredly."

1453 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this multi-meaning word = "المسمع" in "المسمع" is a juratory "لاتخاد" is a jura taking and making and presuming some-thing about what was taken. Thus, it is not just the mere taking.

1455 Linguistically the word "خفت" carries dual meanings: (1) feared and (2) knew. Both meanings could apply.

17. And en (if) touches you gallah by a harm then no a remover thin; and en touches you gallah by a khayren (mercy/goodness / possession/provision) so He (is) over everything Omnipotent. 18. And He (is) The Subduer, above His eba'de (worshippers-	وَإِن يَمْسَسُكَ اللَّهُ بِضُرٌ فَلَا كَاللَّهُ بِضُرٌ فَلَا كَاشِفَ لَهُ وَ إِن يَمْسَسُكَ بِخَيْرٍ فَهُوَ عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْءٍ قَدِيرٌ ﴿
/ submitters/slaves); and He (is) The Hakeemo ¹⁴⁵⁷ (infinite hekmah ¹⁴⁵⁸ Possessor) The Proficient.	وعو المسير عول عِبودِ وعو المفارِدِ الموارِدِ الموارِدِي الموارِدِ الموارِدِي الموارِدِ الموارِدِي الموارِدِي الموارِدِي الموارِدِي الموارِدِي الموارِدِي الموارِدِي ا
19. Let-say [you ^s]: what a thing (is) bigger a testimony ^w ; let-say [you ^s]: Allah (is) Witnesser/Testifier between me and [between] you ^b ; and (had been) revealed ¹⁴⁵⁹	قُلْ أَيُّ شَيْءٍ أَكْبَرُ شَهَدَةً قُلِ ٱللَّهُ مَ شَهِيدٌ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ ۚ وَأُوحِي إِلَى هَنذَا
to me this The Qur'an ^x to [I] warn you ^b by it ^x ; and whomever it ^x reached; do surely you ^b witness/testify that (<i>there are</i>) with Allah other deities; let-say	ٱلْقُرْءَانُ لِأُنذِرَكُم بِهِ وَمَنْ بَلَغَ أَاللَّهِ ءَالِهَةً البَّدُهِ لَتَشْهَدُونَ أَنَّ مَعَ ٱللَّهِ ءَالِهَةً
[you s]: [I] witness/testify not; let-say [you s]: verily only He (is) One Elahon (Deity) and indeed I am a disclaimant/absolver ¹⁴⁶⁰ (of myself) of what you z	أُخْرَىٰ قُلُ لا أَشْهَدُ قُلُ إِنَّمَا هُوَ إِلَهُ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ وَاللهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ الله
partner (deities with Him). 20. Whom ^r aa'tayna (We accorded/given) [them] the book, ^x	ٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَهُمُ ٱلْكِتَنبِ يَعْرِفُونَهُ وَكَمَا
they ^z know him/it ^{x1461} just-as they ^z know their sons; who ^r they ^z lost their selves so they believe not.	يَعْرِفُونَ أَبْنَاءَهُمُ ۗ ٱلَّذِينَ خَسِرُوٓا اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ
21. And who a (is) wronger than who p iftra ([he] crafted a lie for fraudulent end) on Allah a lie or [he] denied by His Aya'te (miracles/signs/The Qur'an); verily it not prosper the dha'lemoona (injustice-doers).	وَمَنْ أُظْلَمُ مِمَّن ٱفَتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ كَذِبًا أُوْ كَذَّبَ بِعَايَىتِهِ ۚ إِنَّهُ لَا يُفْلِحُ ٱلظَّلِمُونَ ﴿
22. And day [We] throng them together afterwards [We] say to whom they apartnered (deities with Allah): where (are) your partners whom you were claiming.	وَيَوْمَ خَشُرُهُمْ جَمِيعًا ثُمَّ نَقُولُ لِلَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُواْ أَيْنَ شُرَكَآؤُكُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ كُنتُمْ تَزْعُمُونَ ﴿
23. Afterwards not was their essay wexcept that they said: by Allah our Lord we were not mushrekeena (hethey who partner deities with Allah/he-polytheists).	ثُمَّ لَمْ تَكُن فِتَنتُهُمْ إِلَّا أَن قَالُوا وَاللَّهِ رَبِّنَا مَا كُنَّا مُشْرِكِينَ ﴿
24. Let-look [you s] how they z lied on their selves w and strayed a'n (off/ regarding) them what they were yaftarona (they craft a lie for fraudulent end).	ٱنظُرْ كَيْفَ كَذَبُواْ عَلَىٰۤ أَنفُسِهُمُ ۗ وَضَلَّ عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَفُتُرُونَ ﴿
25. And of them who ^p yasta'meao (affirmably-listens) to you ^g ; and We made over their hearts coverts ^x that not they ^z understand it ^{x1464} ; and in their ears wagran	وَمِنْهُم مَّن يَسْتَمِعُ إِلَيْكَ وَجَعَلْنَا عَلَىٰ قُلُوبِم أَكِنَّةً أَن يَفْقَهُوهُ وَفِيَ

¹⁴⁵⁶ The word "كاشف" is a masculine, singular noun with many meanings, in this case "remover."

¹⁴⁵⁷ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "حكيم" and "حكيم"

¹⁴⁵⁸ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma.".

The word "أوحى" denotes at least six diverse meanings, all for communicating: gestured, wrote, messaged, inspired, whispered, one cast to another (e.g.: a commanded); and "اللعنان is fire or king. See اللعنان is fire or king. See بمعنى" بيمعنى" يمعنى "فاعل" بيمعنى "فاعل" يمعنى وزن "فييل" "بيرىء" masculine, singular noun."

Thus, "disclaimant" in two distinct senses: (a) In the sense of he (the Prophet, SAWS) disclaims (frees) himself of what others do and include him as part of them, as in this case, where they associate partners with Allah and he refuses to associate with them or with what they claim. In other words, he disclaims/absolves himself from such associations.

1461 In this case they know Mohammad (SAWS), or The "Qur'an," or the truth in it".

1462 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "فالله" = "injustice-doer" and "خالمون" = "wronger.

1463 The "غالمون" = "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice." See footnote 148 below.

¹⁴⁶⁴ That is understand your say^x of The Qur'an^x.

(hearing-heaviness); and en (if) they z see every Aya'ten w (miracles/sign/proof/Qur'anic statement) not believe they z by it w; until if came they z (to) you g they z mutually dispute youg; say who r unbelieved they z: en (not) this except the [firsts'] (ancients') fables.	ءَاذَانِهُمْ وَقُرًا ۚ وَإِن يَرَوُا كُلَّ ءَايَةٍ لَا يُؤْمِنُوا بَهَا حَتَى الْذِينَ كَفُرُوا إِنْ تُجُندِلُونَكَ يَقُولُ ٱلَّذِينَ كَفُرُوا إِنْ هَنذَآ إِلَّا أَسَطِيرُ ٱلْأَوَّلِينَ ﴿
26. And they restrain a'n (regarding) it x and they withdraw a'n (off) it x; and en (not) perish they z except their selves while they perceive not.	وَهُمْ يَنْهُوْنَ عَنْهُ وَيَنْعُوْنَ عَنْهُ وَمَا وَإِن يُهْلِكُونَ إِلَّا أَنفُسَهُمْ وَمَا يَشْعُرُونَ هَ
27. And if ¹⁴⁶⁵ [you ^s] see edh (when) (had been) stood they ^z over The Fire w then said they z: yalaytana (O, for a longing of us) nurraddo ¹⁴⁶⁶ ([we] be forthwith-returned) and not deny [we] by our Lord's Aya'tew (miracles/Qur'anic statements) and we be of the believers.	وَلَوْ تَرَىٰ إِذْ وُقِفُواْ عَلَى ٱلنَّارِ فَقَالُواْ يَلَيْتُنَا نُرَدُّ وَلَا نُكَذِّبَ بِعَايَسَ رَبِّنَا وَنَكُونَ مِنَ ٱلْمُؤْمِنِينَ ﴿
28. Rather appeared for them what they were concealing of before; and if <i>ruddo</i> ¹⁴⁶⁷ (<i>had been forthwith-returned they</i> surely (<i>would have</i>) returned they for what they (<i>had been</i>) restrained <i>a'n</i> (<i>regarding</i>) it and verily they surely (<i>are</i>) liars.	بَلْ بَدَا لَمُهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يُخَفُّونَ مِن قَبْلُ اللهِ المُخَفُّونَ مِن قَبْلُ أُولُو رُدُّواْ لَعَادُواْ لِمَا يُهُواْ عَنْهُ وَإِنَّهُمْ لَكَيْدِبُونَ ﴿
29. And said they z: en (not) it wexcept our life w (of) the worldw and not we (are) surely mub'ootheena ¹⁴⁶⁸ (ones to be resurrected).	وَقَالُوٓا إِنَّ هِيَ إِلَّا حَيَاتُنَا ٱلدُّنْيَا وَمَا خُنُ بِمَبْعُوثِينَ ﴿
30. And if [you ^s] see edh (when) (had been) stood they ^z on their Lord said [He]: is not this by the right; said they ^z : bala ¹⁴⁶⁹ (certainly-not); by ¹⁴⁷⁰ our Lord; said [He]: so lettaste you ^z the torment by what you ^c were unbelieving.	وَلَوْ تَرَى إِذْ وُقِفُواْ عَلَىٰ رَبِّهُ ۚ قَالَ الْمِسْ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّالِمُ الللِّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ
31. Qad (already and affirmatively) lost who r they denied by Allah's lega'a (meeting with) until if/when came (to) them the Hour w1471 suddenly; said they : O, our hasrataw1472 (ardent contritions) w1473 over what farrattna (we had-remiss) in it while they bear their awzara1475	قَدْ خَسِرَ ٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِلِقَآءِ ٱللَّهِ حَتَّى إِذَا جَآءَ ہُمُ ٱلسَّاعَةُ بَغْتَةً قَالُواْ يَنحَسْرَتَنَا عَلَىٰ مَا فَرَّطْنَا فِيهَا وَهُمْ يَنحَسُرَتَنَا عَلَىٰ مَا فَرَّطْنَا فِيهَا وَهُمْ خَمْلُونَ أُوزَارَهُمْ عَلَىٰ ظُهُورِهِمْ

¹⁴⁶⁵ The particle "و" since it is a future-connected verb, probable to occur and not sure it's a present occurrence. Such a "و" amounts to "if" or "when.' See مغني اللبيب، إبن هشام amounts to "if" or "when.' See مغني اللبيب، إبن هشام is rooted in "وَدُ" is rooted in "وَدُ" meaning forthwith-returned; example the greeting must be "forthwith- returned,"

Allah says: "And when (had) been greeted you^c (are) by a greeting then let-greet you^z by better than it or letyou^z forthwith-return itw." (S4:86)

The word "mub'ootheen" is a masculine plural objective noun for which there is no English equivalent.

The word "bala" = "certlyain-not" is absolutely not synonymous to "yes" = "see the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration.

اعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي is "وربنا" is "وربنا" is "وربنا" أنه "القرآن، لمحمود صافي is "وربنا" العراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي is "وربنا" is "وربنا" is "وربنا" is "وربنا" is "وربنا" is "وربنا" meaning The Day of Judgment.

1471 That is the "Hour" of death or the "Hour" meaning The Day of Judgment.

1472 The word "contrition" by ardent to indicate such strength of contrition.

¹⁴⁷³ Ibid.

¹⁴⁷⁴ The word "farratta" = "فَرَطْن" is best described by the word "remiss" which is an adjective and all its synonyms are also adjectives as expected. But "فَرَطْن" and "فَرَطْن" all are verbs in the past tense. So I chose "had-remiss."

1475 The word "وَرُرُ" = we'zr, in the word "وَرُرُ" means: heavy: burden/sin/offense. Translated parenthetically here as

[&]quot;heavy: burden/sin/offense" as it is a heavy: burden which impedes, unless properly handled. It is potentially a sin or an offense for the "وَذَيْدِ"=vizier because he carries the heavy burden of the King to administer the affairs charged to him. And the vizier's responsibility is so enormous that if he makes a mistake, intended or not, it could be

(ill-burdens/sins/offenses) over their backs; indeed fouled what ya'zeroona (they^z ill-burden/sin/offend).

أَلَا سَآءَ مَا يَزِرُونَ 📆

32. And not the life (of) the world except a play and an amusement; and indeed the Hereafter's whome (is) khayron (choicer/superior/worthier) for whom ^r yattagoona (they who reverently guard not to displease Allah) do then not reason you^z.

وَمَا ٱلْحَيَوٰةُ ٱلدُّنْيَآ إِلَّا لَعِبٌ وَلَهْوُّ وَلَلدَّارُ ٱلْأَخِرَةُ خَيْرٌ لِّلَّذِينَ يَتَّقُونَ

33. Qad^{1476} (iteratively and affirmatively) [We] know verily it $^{
m x}$ surely saddens you gwhich they z say; so surely they not deny you^g; [and] but the *dha'lemeena*¹⁴⁷⁷ (*injustice-doers*) by Allah's Aya'te^w (miracles/Our'anic statements) reject they^z.

قَدْ نَعْلَمُ إِنَّهُ لَيَحْزُنُكَ ٱلَّذِي فَإِنُّهُمْ لَا يُكَذَّبُهُ نَكَ

34. And lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) (had been) denied w messengers of before youg then ssabaro (they held on patiently) over what (had been) denied they and (had been) annoyed they z until came (to) them Our succor; and no substituter for Allah's words w; and laqad (verily, already and affirmatively) came (to) you g of the naba'e1478 (piece-of-significant-and-availing-news) (of) the mursaleena (sent-messengers).

أُ عَلَىٰ مَا كُذَّبُواْ وَأُوذُواْ حَتُّنَ أَتُنهُمُ نَصُّرُنَا ۗ وَلَا مُبَدِّلَ لِكُلِمَيتِ ٱللَّهِ وَلَقَدْ جَآءَكُ مِن نَبُايُ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ ٢

35. And *en(if)* [was] enlarged on you^g their shunning then envougeould to tabtaghey1479 ([yous] earnestly-quest) a tunnel in the Earth^w or a ladder [in] the sky^w so ta'teya ([you^s] approach/come to) them by an Aya'ten; (miracle/sign-/proof) and had willed Allah surely (would have) gathered them[He] on the divine-guidance; solet-not assuredly be [you^s] of the ja'heleena¹⁴⁸⁰ (they who act ignorantly or incorrectly).

وَإِن كَانَ كَبُرَ عَلَيْكَ إِعْرَاضُهُمْ فَإِن ٱسْتَطَعْتَ أَن تَبْتَغِيَ نَفَقًا فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ أَوْ سُلَّمًا فِي ٱلسَّمَآءِ وَلُو شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ فَتَأْتِيهُم بِعَايَةٍ مُعَهُمْ عُلِّي ٱلْهُدَىٰ تكوننٌ مِنَ ٱلْجَنِهِلِينَ 🚌

36. Verily only yestajeebo¹⁴⁸¹ (compliantly-answer) who they z listen; and the decedents resurrects¹⁴⁸² them Allah; afterwards to Him (to be) returned theyz.

37. And said they z: lawla (why have not) nozzela (been recurrently descended) on him an Aya'ton^w (miracle) from his Lord; let-say [you s]: verily Allah (is) Oadir 1483 (He-Who is capable of: giving/doing/enforcing/causing) on to younazzelo (iteratively descends [He]) an Aya'tan^w (miracle); [and] but most (of) them know not.

وَقَالُواْ لَوْلَا نُزِّلَ عَلَيْهِ ءَايَةٌ مِّن و قُلُ إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ قَادِرُ عَلَىٰ أَن يُنَرَّلَ ءَايَةً وَلَكِكِنَّ أَكْثَرُهُمْ لًا يَعْلُمُونَ 📾

fatal to him and others. Thus, I chose to further qualify "burden" by the word "ill" as such qualification really and truly best approximate the seriousness of such a burden in reference. See

than in the case of following a *past* tense. See المغنى. 1477 The "ظالمين" = "the injustice-doer," as "ظالمين" = "injustice."

The particle "Qad" preceding a future tense means "التوكيد و التكثير" = "iteratively and affirmatively," different

¹⁴⁷⁸ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "naba'a."

1479 The word "לוני ביני" meaning: earnestly quested.

1480 The word "בין היים "jaheleena" is rooted in "בין "meaning: (1) was ignorant of, (2) believed in some thing contrary to reality, (3) did something not correct. So the "jahiloona" are they who act ignorantly or incorrectly.

الهادي 'is rooted in "استجاب," meaning: favorably/ compliantly answers, not just answers. See The word "ies" carries several meanings, among them: sent, arouse, resurrected, awaken, missioned, and prompted.

The word "غادر" is masculine, singular, subjective noun, meaning: (1) Causer of Fate, (2) He-Who is capable of: giving, doing, enforcing, or influencing.

38. And neither of dabba'ten^{w1484} (she-moving-creature) in the وَمَا مِن دَآبَّةِ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ وَلَا طَتِيرِ Earthwand nor a flyer flying by its twain wings except يَطِيرُ بِجَنَاحَيْهِ إِلَّا أُمَمُّ أُمَّثَالُكُمْ umamun^w (communities) w your n likes; not farrattna1485 (had-مَّا فَرَّطْنَا فِي ٱلْكِتَابِ مِن شَيْءَ remiss We) in the book of a thing; afterwards to their Lord (to be) thronged they^z. ثُمَّرٌ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمَ يُحُشَرُونَ كَ 39. And who they denied by Our Aya'te (miracle/Our'anic وَٱلَّذِينَ كُذُّبُواْ بِعَايَنِتِنَا صُمُّ اللَّهِ statements) (are) ssommon (deaf people) and bokmon (born وَبُكُّم فِي ٱلظُّلُمَيتِ مَن يَشَا ٱللَّهُ dumb-mute people)1486 in the darknesses w; whomever يُضْلِلُهُ وَمَن يَشَأُ تَجُعُلُهُ عَلَيْ Allah wills (to) mislead him and whomever (He) wills [He] makes him on a Sseratten (road/way) straight. 40. Let-say [you^s]:have seen you^b en(if) ata^x (came to/betided) قُلْ أَرْءَيْتَكُمْ إِنْ أَتَلكُمْ عَذَابُ you^b Allah's torment^x or atat^w (befell on/came¹⁴⁸⁷ to)^w you^b ٱللَّهِ أَوْ أَتَتَكُمُ ٱلسَّاعَةُ أَغَيْرَ ٱللَّهِ the Hour w do other than Allah you z invoke/pray; if تَدْعُونَ إِن كُنتُمْ صَيدِقِينَ 🖀 you^c were ssa'deqeena (always-truth-enforcers). 41. Rather eyyaho¹⁴⁸⁸ (indeed particularizing Him) you ² invoke-بَلِ إِيَّاهُ تَدْعُونَ فَيَكْشِفُ مَا /pray then doffs [He] what you z invoke to it x en (if) [He] تَدْعُونَ إِلَيْهِ إِن شَآءَ وَتُنسَوْنَ مَا willed; and you z forget what you z partner (deities with Allah). 42. And lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) We sent to وَلَقَدُ أَرْسَلْنَا إِلَىٰ أَمَمِ مِن قَبْلِكَ Umamen^w (nations/communities) ^w of before you ^g; then We took them by the ba'asa'ew1489 (penury-tension) wand the فَأُخَذُنَهُم بِٱلْبَأْسَآءِ وَٱلضَّرَّآءِ dharra'e^{w1490} (distress due to adversity) la'alla (craving currently لَعَلُّهُمْ يَتَضَرَّعُونَ ٢ unavailable deed that, perhaps) they yatadharroona (iteratively supplicate theyz). فَلَوْلا إذْ جَآءَهُم بَأْسُنَا تَضَرَّعُواْ 43. So lawla (why have not) edh (when) came (to) them Our ba'aso (intense torment) they z supplicated 1491; [and] but وَلَيِكِن قَسَتْ قُلُونُهُمْ وَزَيَّنَ لَهُمُ indurated w their hearts and adorned for them the ٱلشَّيْطَيْنُ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُورِ ﴿ Satan what they were working. 44. So lamma (when/whence) they z forgot (ceased paying attention to) what (had been) reminded they by it We opened on them doors (of) every-thing until edha عَلَيْهِمْ أَبْوَابَكُلُ شَيْءٍ حَتَّ إِذَا

(when/if) they z reveled/rejoiced by what oto (had been

¹⁴⁸⁴ For lack of a better term I chose a "she-moving-creature" for "بابة" as a simple "she-creature" (alone) will not do,

because a "rock" is a "she-creature" but it does not have apparent motility.

1485 The word "farratta" = "فَرَطْتَا" is best described by the word "remiss" which is an adjective and all its synonyms are also adjectives as expected. But "فُرطُتا" and "فُرطُتا" all are verbs in the past tense. So I chose "had-remiss."

all are plural nouns while their closest English corresponding equivalents all are adjectives and "صعمة", بكم so no plural for any except to associate the respective word with a plural noun people. Hence, I transliterated.

¹⁴⁸⁷ Theword "came" is because the "Hour" is a feminine in Arabic, so its pronoun attached to "came" is as shown.

1488 The word "إيانا" is because the "Hour" is a feminine in Arabic, so its pronoun attached to "came" is as shown.

1488 The word "إيانا" = an article of intensity for an objective pronoun.

¹⁴⁸⁹ The Arabic word "ba'asa" has several meanings: (1) tension due to peury (exteme need); (2) hardship; (3); hunger; (5) misery; (6) or may be the combination of all stated meanings, (1) through (6). See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration on this.

¹⁴⁹⁰ The Arabic word "Al-dharra" means distress out of adversity and people who render support.

That is they did not supplicate when came to them the "intense torment," as indicated by "= whey not.

¹⁴⁹² The word "نسي" has dual meanings: (1) "forgot" or (2) dismissed or dispelled, in the sense of *cast off* or *ceased to pay attention to*. The second meaning especially applies where Allah says: "We forgot you," (S 32:14), as Allah does *not* forget, but He chooses to *ceases paying attention to something*. See

S6-Al-Anaa'me سورة ألأنعام6

accorded/given they²) We took them suddenly then edha (surprisingly/whereas) they (are) mublesoona ¹⁴⁹³ (ones that	فَرِحُواْ بِمَآ أُوتُواْ أَخَذْنَهُم بَغْتَةً
are nonplused).	فَإِذَا هُم مُّبْلِسُونَ ﴿
	7
45. Then (had been) cut-off the people's da'bero ¹⁴⁹⁴ (rearmost/last) (of) who ^r dhalamo ¹⁴⁹⁵ (they ^z wronged) and the	فَقُطِعَ دَابِرُ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلَّذِينَ ظَلَمُوا ۗ
praise (is) for Allah the worlds' Lord.	وَٱلْحُمْدُ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ ٢
46. Let-say [you ^s]: have you ^c seen en(if) Allah took your ⁿ	والمستعدد برورب المعاوين والمستعدد الله مُعكم الله مُعكم الله مُعكم الله مُعكم الله مُعكم الله مُعكم الله الله مُعكم الله الله الله الله الله الله الله الل
hearing x and your abssa'ra (insights/discernments)x and	
[He] sealed ¹⁴⁹⁶ over your hearts which an elahon (a deity)	وَأُبْصَارِكُمْ وَخَتَمَ عَلِيٰ قُلُوبِكُم
other than Allah ya'teekom (brings/comes to youb) by itx;	مَّنَ إِلَنَّهُ غَيْرُ ٱللَّهِ يَأْتِيكُم بِهِ
let-look[you ^s]how We variegate ¹⁴⁹⁷ the Aya'te ^w (messages-	ٱنظُرُ كَيْفَ نُصَرّفُ ٱلْأَيْتِ
/signs/proofs) after-wards they shun.	ثُمَّرٌ هُمْ يَصْدِفُونَ 👜
47. Let-say [you ^s]: have I seen you ^b en(if) ata ^x (betided/came	قُلُ أُرءَيْتَكُمْ إِنْ أُتَنكُمْ عَذَابُ
to)you ^b Allah's torment ^x suddenly or openly ^w do perish	ٱللَّهِ بَغْتَةً أَوْ جَهْرَةً هَلَ يُهْلَكُ
except the people the dha'lemoona1498 (injustice-doers).	اللهُ ٱلْقَوْمُ ٱلظَّلِمُونَ ﴿
48. And not [We] send the mursaleena (sent-messengers)	رِد العوم الطعيمور <u>ه</u> وَمَا نُرَسِلُ ٱلْمُرْسَلِينَ إِلَّا مُبَشِّرِينَ
except mubashshereena ¹⁴⁹⁹ (iterative tellers of pleasant tidings)	
and munthereena (iterative warners); so whoever [he]	وَمُنذِرينَ فَمَنْ ءَامَنَ وَأَصْلُحَ
believed and [he] reformed then neither fear (is) on	فَلَا خَوْفٌ عَلَيْهُمْ وَلَا هُمُ
them and nor they sadden.	تُحُزَّنُونَ 📾
49. And who they denied by Our Aya'te (Qur'anic statements)	وَٱلَّذِينَ كَذَّبُواْ بِعَايَنتِنَا يَمَسُّهُمُ
touches them the torment by what were they z yafso-	
qoona ¹⁵⁰⁰ (rebellingthey ^z vis-à-visAllah's command).	ٱلْعَذَابُبِمَا كَانُواْ يَفْسُقُونَ 🕝
50. Let-say [you s]: [I] say not for you b I have Allah's	قُل لَّا أَقُولُ لَكُمْ عِندِي خِزَآبِنُ
treasures and nor [I] know the invisible; and [I] say	ٱللَّهِ وَلآ أَعْلَمُ إِلَّغَيْبَ وَلآ أَقُولُ
not for you ^b verily I am an angel; en (not) attabe'o ([I] closely-follow) except what (is being) revealed ¹⁵⁰¹ to me;	لَكُمْ إِنِّي مَلَكٌ إِنَّ أَتَّبِعُ إِلَّا مَا
let-say [you ^s]: are level/even the blind and the basseero	يُوحَى ۚ إِلَى ۚ قُلُ هَلُ يِسۡتَوى
(keen: seer/overall evaluator of the facts and their possible	ٱلْأَعْمَىٰ وَٱلْبَصِيرُ أَفَلَا
consequences); do then not you ^z rethink.	تَتَفَكَّرُونَ ٢
51. And let-warn [you ^s] by it ^x whom ^r they ^z fear/know ¹⁵⁰² to	
(be) thronged they z to their Lord not for them of lesser	وَأُنذِر بِهِ ٱلَّذِينَ شَخَافُونَ أَن
than/without Him (of) a wa'leyen (guardian/ally) and nor	يُحُشَرُوٓا إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِمُ ۚ لَيْسَ لَهُم
an intercessor la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed	مِّن دُونِهِ - وَلِيُّ وَلَا شَفِيعٌ لَّعَلَّهُمْ
that/perhaps) they yattaqoona (they reverentially guard not to	•
displease Allah).	يَتُقُونَ 💣

¹⁴⁹³ The word "مُبِلِسون" based on "أبلس" based on "أبلس" masculine plural noun meaning: ones who suddenly became nonplus.

The Our'anic phrase: "Then (had been) cut off da'bero (rear-most, last of) the people"= "فطع دابر القوم is yet another of the lofty Arabic tongue expressions, meaning uprooted the peoples' rear-most, i.e. the last person = والمداورة المداورة المداورة

¹⁴⁹⁶ That is closed hermetically and determined irrevocably, or consummated/concluded.
1497 The Arabic word, "improved in a variety of indicate that the Ayat are repeated in a variety of ways for *emphasis* and *additional clarification*.

1498 The "ظالمون" = "the injustice-doer," as "خالمون" = "injustice."

¹⁴⁹⁹ The word "mubashshereen" is masculine, plural, subjective noun, meaning proclaimers of good tiding, with no English equivalent.

¹⁵⁰⁰ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for fa'sequona for an elaboration on this rather important word.

¹⁵⁰¹ See footnote 1440 above regarding "**افحی**". "افحی" "افحی" "خانی " See footnote 1440 above regarding "خانی" در المعادی " در المعادی "خانی" در المعادی در المعا

52. And let-not [you^s] oust who^r they^z invoke their Lord by the ghada'tee (dawn-until-sunrise) and the asheyye (early *night/whole night*)¹⁵⁰³ they^z want His Face¹⁵⁰⁴; not on you^g of their account of a thing and not of your account on them of a thing so oust them [you^s] then [you^s] be of the dha'lemeena¹⁵⁰⁵ (injustice-doers). 53. And like *tha'leka (afar-that-it*) × We essayed some (*of*) them

مسَّابِكَ عَلَيْهِم مِن شيء

by some to say they": are these (whom) manna 1506 ([He] had graced His boon w) Allah on them from among us; is not Allah surely knowinger by the thankers.

ذَ الكَ فَتَنَّا بَعْضَهُم بِبَعْضِ

54. And if came (to) you^g who^r believe they^z by Our Aya'te^w (miracles/The Qur'an) let-say [you^s]: peace (be) on you^b; wrote yourⁿ Lord on Himself the mercy^w; verily it^{x1507}: whoever [he] worked of you^z an ill^x by a jaha-la'ten¹⁵⁰⁸ (acting ignorantly/incorrectly) afterwards [he] repented from after it and [he] reformed then verily He (is) Ghafooron (iterative Forgiver) Raheemon (iterative mercy Giver).

عَآءَكُ ٱلَّذِيرِ ﴿ رُبُّكُمْ عَلَىٰ نَفْسِهِ ٱلرَّا الْجِهُ اللَّهِ الْمُرُّ اتَّابُ مِنَ

55. And like tha'leka(afar-that-it) [We] expound the Aya'tew (messages) and to tastabeena¹⁵⁰⁹ (to: see it self-manifester/verify) the criminals' path.

وَكُذَ ٰ لِكَ نُفُصِّلُ ٱلْآيِنِ وَلِتَسْتَبِينَ

56. Let-say [you^s]: verily I (had been) restrained that [I] worship whom^p you^z invoke of lesser than Allah; let-say [you^s]:notattabe'o([I] closely-follow) yourⁿ ahwa (tendentious likings) qad (already and affirmatively) I strayed then and not Î of the muhtadeena¹⁵¹⁰ (they who found and accepted the divine-guidance).

57. Let-say [you^s]: verily I am on an evidence w from my Lord x while you c denied by it x1511; not have I what tasta'ajelona (affirmably-hasten you'z) by [it x]; en (not) the rule except for Allah; [He] cuts/traces¹⁵¹² the right and He(is)khayro(choicer/worthier)(of)The Resolvers¹⁵¹³.

<u>ان</u>

¹⁵⁰³ In English there is no exact corresponding words for "ביי" = "ghadatee" meaning (dawn-until-sunrise) and "ביי", i.e. "asheyyo" (early night or the whole night).

1504 See Lexiconattached to this Translation, for this Arabictongue expression: "His Face," = His Pleasure or countenance.

1505 The "الطّه" = "the injustice-doer," as "الطّه" = "injustice." See footnote 148 below.

1506 The word "مَانَّ " means "نَعْمَ " means "مَانَّ " means "مَانَّ " means "مَانَّ " That a "boon He graces it."

1507 The pronoun "مَانَّ " refers to the truth regarding "الرحمة" that such "الرحمة" is for whoever repented after wronging ignorantly.

1508 The word "مَانَّ " refers to the truth regarding "الرحمة" that such "الرحمة" is for whoever repented after wronging ignorantly.

1508 The word "مَانَّ " refers to the truth regarding "المحمد" is acting ignorant of, (2) believed in some thing contrary to reality, (3) did something not correct. So the "jahalaten" is acting ignorantly or incorrectly.

1509 The word "مَانَّ "has dual, distinct but supportive to one another, meanings: (1) to be self-manifester, (2) to be verified by a verifier.

1510 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "muhtadee" and its plural "muhtadoon" | "muhtadeen."

¹⁵¹⁰ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "muhtadee" and its plural "muhtadoon" / "muhtadeen."

¹⁵¹¹ The pronoun "ه" in "به" could refer to:(1) my Lord, (2) The Qur'anx (3) the evidence in the sense of "proofs" see الدر المصون، لـ احمد الحلبي.

¹⁵¹² The word "يقص" from "القص" = cutting/or "tracing." Cut, in the sense of separate. And trace meaning to locate by tracing the physical imprints of the evidence and ascertain the facts for judging, and hence to follow the right and sunder by it. See روح المعاني Although there are others who say: "يقص" means "judge," see الطبري better.

1513 The word "فاصلين" "eresolvers," that is makers of firm decision or separator into parts. And the word "فاصلين"

is exactly both of these two meanings.

58. Let-say [vou^s]: if that I have what tasta'ajelona (affirmably قَل لَوْ أَنَّ عِندِي مَا تَسْتَعْجِلُونَ hasten you^z)¹⁵¹⁴ by it^x surely (would have been) finished/-بِهِ لَقُضِيَ ٱلْأُمُّرُ بَيْنِي وَبَيْنَكُمْ judged the matter between me and [between] you^z; and Allah(*is*)knowinger by the *dha'lemeena*¹⁵¹⁵ (*injustice-doers*). وَٱللَّهُ أَعْلَمُ بِٱلظَّيْلِمِينَ ﴾ وَعندَهُ مَفَاتِحُ ٱلْغَيْبِ لَا 59. And He has keys (of) the invisible not knows it w إِلَّا هِنُو وَيَعْلَمُ مَا في except Him; and knows [He] what (is) in the [desert]¹⁵¹⁶ (land) and the sea; and not falls of a leaf^w وَٱلَّبَحُرِ وَمَا تَسُقُطُ مِن وَرَقَةِ إِلَّا يَعْلَمُهَا وَلَا حَبَّةٍ في except knows it [He]; and not a grain in the Earth's darknesses wand neither a wet and nor a dry except in آلأرض وَلَا رَطُّب وَلَا a book manifester. 60. And He Who yatawaffakum (receives youb while dying) by وَهُو ٱلَّذِي يَتُوفَّنكُم بِٱلْيَل the night^{x1517} and knows [He] what jarahtom¹⁵¹⁸(had:you^c acquired or committed by the senses) by the day^x; afterwards [He] arouses¹⁵¹⁹you^b in it^x to (be) finished ajalon¹⁵²⁰(termlimit) musamma¹⁵²¹ (that which is designated and/or named); afterwards to Him (is) your n return; afterwards younabbe'o ([He] inform by piece-of-significant-and-availing-news) you^b by what you^c were working you^z. يُنتُكُم بِمَا كُنتُمُ تَعْمَلُونَ 🕤 61. And He (is) The Subduer above His eba'de (worshippers/ submitters/laves); and [He] sends on you z keepers-up¹⁵²², until if came (to) an ahadakom¹⁵²³ (lone/any-one of you^b) the death tawafat'ho¹⁵²⁴ (received him dying [he]) Our messengers while they not *youfarrettona*¹⁵²⁵(*be-remiss he-they*?). 62. Afterwards ruddo¹⁵²⁶ (had been forthwith-returned they^z) to Allah their Lord The Right; indeed for Him (is) the Rule and He (is) swiftest (of) the reckoners.

63. Say[you^s]: who^a younajjeykom (recurrently delivers you^b) from the [desert's]¹⁵²⁷ (land's) and the sea's darknesses w; you^z

¹⁵¹⁴ As the Messenger (SAWS) was warning them regarding a possible punishment from Allah; so they were challenging him to hasten such a punishment.

¹⁵¹⁷ That is when you sleep, and sleep is the "minor death."

¹⁵¹⁸ The word "جرفتم" is used as Arabic tongue expression of several meanings, among them is: "you acquired" by your "جولح," i.e. one or more of your senses, i.e. your body parts such as: hands, feet, ears, eyes, etc...

¹⁵¹⁹ See footnote 1482 above regarding ...

اللسان means term-limit, see "الأجل" means term-limit, see

¹⁵²¹ The word "musamma" is masculine, singular, subjective noun, meaning: that which is designated and/or named.

The word "حفظة" is rooted in "حفظ" which is to "kept-up" not just "kept, or maintained," or even "guarded." Merriam Webster's Dictionary puts "keep up" as: "to stay even (as in acts of strength, endurance, or speed) (although he was small he could keep up with the larger boys in sports)." (Emphasis is added).

¹⁵²³ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding "أحد"."

¹⁵²⁴ That is body and soul.

The word farratta="فَرَطُونِ" in "يَفْرَطُونِ" is best described by the word "remiss" which is an adjective and all its synonymsarealso adjectives as expected. But "يُفْرُطُونِ" and "يُفْرُطُونِ" and "يُفْرُطُونِ" all are verbs in the past tense. So I chose "be-remiss."

¹⁵²⁶ The word "نوا" is rooted in "کو" is rooted in "کو" meaning forthwith return; example the greeting must be "forthwith returned," The Qur'an says: "And when (had) been greeted you" by a greeting "then you" greet by better than it wor you^z forthwith-return itw." (S4: 86).

¹⁵²⁷ See footnote 1516 above regarding desert.

invoke Him supplicantly and secretly indeed *en(if)* [He] وَٱلَّكِحُ تَدْعُونَهُ و تَضَرُّعًا وَخُفْيَةً delivers us from this w surely we (shall) assuredly 1528 be لَّإِنَّ أَنْجُلْنَا مِنْ هَلِذِهِ لَنَكُونَنَّ of the thankers. مِنَ ٱلشَّبِكِ بِنَ ٦ 64. Let-say [you s]: Allah younajjey (recurrently delivers) you b ٱللَّهُ يُنَجِّيكُم مِّنَّهَا وَمِن كُلّ from it w and from every distress x; afterwards you f ب ثُمَّ أَنتُمُ تُشُركُونَ ٦ partner (deities with Him). 65. Let-say [you^s]: He (is) The Oadir¹⁵²⁹ (He-Who is capable قُلْ هُوَ ٱلْقَادِرُ عَلَىٰ أَن يَبْعَثَ of: giving/doing/enforcing/causing) on to mission¹⁵³⁰ on عَلَيْكُمْ عَذَابًا مِّن فَوْقِكُمْ أَوْ مِن youba torment from above youbor from beneath yourⁿ تِ أَرْجُلِكُمْ أَوْ يَلْبِسَكُمْ شِيَعًا feet w; or addles you b [He] (into) sects/factions 1531 and (makes He) some (of) you b taste ba'asa (warfare/torment-/poiwer) (of) some; let-look [you's] how [We] variegate the Aya'tew (messages) la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) they understand. 66. And denied by it your people while it (is) the right; let-say [you^s]: not I over you^b surely a custodian. 67. For every a naba'en^{x1532} (piece-of-significant-and-availing-news) (is) a mustagarron¹⁵³³ (permanent-abode/ultimate realization) and you^z will know. 68. And if saw you^g whom^r they^z wade¹⁵³⁴ in Our Aya'te^w وَإِذًا رَأَيْتَ ٱلَّذِينَ يَخُوضُونَ فِيَ (*Our'anic statements*) then let-shun [you^s] a'n(off) them until ءَايَبِتِنَا فَأَعْرِضْ عَنْهُمْ they wade in a discourse than it and if the يُخُوضُواْ فِي حَديثِ غَيْره مِ وَإِمَّا Satan(*causes*) you^g to assuredly forget then let-notsit[*you*^s] يُنسيَنَّكَ ٱلشَّيْطِينُ فَلَا تَقْعُدُ بَعْدَ after [the] reminiscence w/remembrance w1535 with the ٱلذُّكِرَىٰ مَعَ ٱلْقَوْمِ ٱلظَّامِينَ people the dha'lemeena¹⁵³⁶ (injustice-doers). 69. And not on whom yattagoona (they reverentially guard not وَمَا عَلَى ٱلْذِيرِ َ يَتَّقُونَ مِرْ. to displease Allah) of their account of a thing [and] but a ابهم مِّن شَيَّء وَلُكِن reminiscence/remembrance, w1537 la'alla (craving currently ذِكْرَىٰ لَعَلَّهُمْ يَتَّقُونَ ﴿ unavailable deed that, perhaps) they¹⁵³⁸ yattaqoona. ¹⁵³⁹ 70. And tharr¹⁵⁴⁰ (let-you^z alone/forsake) whom tittakhatho¹⁵⁴¹ وَذَر ٱلَّذِينَ ٱتُّخَذُواْ دِينَهُمْ لَعِبًا (they² took and made) their religion a play and a pastime,

[&]quot;i.e. affirmation, expressed here by "assuredly." ألتأكيد" i.e. affirmation, expressed here by "assuredly."

¹⁵²⁹ The word "غادر" is masculine, singular, subjective noun, meaning: (1) Causer of Fate, (2) He-Who is capable of: giving, doing, enforcing, or influencing.

¹⁵³⁰ See footnote 1482 above regarding

[&]quot;sects/factions" in the sense of a smaller cohesive groups contentious with respect to a larger "شيع" "sects/factions" in the sense of a smaller cohesive groups contentious with respect to a larger group following and succoring each other.

¹⁵³² See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "naba'a."

¹⁵³³ Clearly for the *realization* of any thing *in this world* requires *time* and *place* to happen in it *semi-permanently*.

¹⁵³⁴ The word: "خاض" metonymically means: plunged into discussing a topic recklessly or without knowledge.
1535 The word "نكرى" is "reminiscence" based on this great Ayah, "And if the Satan (causes) you^g to assuredly forget then $[you^{\ell}]$ sit not, after [the] reminiscence" (56:68).

1536 The word الظالم" in "فاعل الظلم" = "ظالمون" = "the injustice-doer," as "خالم" = "injustice."

[&]quot;فكرى" See footnote 1535 above regarding reminiscence "نكرى"

¹⁵³⁸ Here "they" means: those who "wade" (i.e. meddle) in Allah's Ayat will guard against such a wading, as it drives the believers away from continuing the discussion; thus, they might or would cease their "wading."

¹⁵³⁹ The words "yattaqoo" and "yattaqoond" are identical in meaning from an English language stand point. In Arabic they are also identical in meaning except grammatically they are different inflections.

¹⁵⁴⁰ The word "tharr," = "let alone, forsake" has no English equivalent per se, so we transliterate.

and beguiled w them the life w (of) the world w; and letremind [you^s] by it^x that (to be) imperiled a self^w by what earned-she y not for it w from lesser than Allah (of) a wa'leyen (guardian/ally) and nor an intercessor; and en (if/albeit it) ta'a'del (matches every match by way of ransom) not (to be) taken from it w; those who r (had been) imperiled by what earned they for them (is) a drink of hameemen¹⁵⁴² (maximally heated/cooled water) and a painful torment by what they were unbelieving.

وَلَهُوًا وَغَرَّتُهُمُ ٱلْحَيَوٰةُ ٱلدُّنْيَا وَذَكِرْ بِهِۦٓ أَن تُبْسَلَ نَفْسِ الْ بِمَاكَسَبَتْ لَيْسَ لَمَا مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ وَلِيٌّ وَلَا شَفِيعٌ وَإِن تَعْدِلِّ كُلَّ عَدُل لَّا يُؤْخَذُ مِيْآ أُوْلَتِهِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ أَبْسِلُواْ بِمَا كَسَبُواْ لَهُمْ شَرَابٌ مِّنْ جَمِيمِ وَعَذَابٌ أَلِيمٌّ بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكُفُرُونَ ۞ قُلِّ أَنَدُّعُواْ مِن دُونِ ٱللَّهِ مَا لَا يَنفَعُنَا وَلَا يَضُرُّنَا وَنُرَدُّ عَلَىٰ أُعْقَابِنَا بَعْدَ إِذَّ هَدَانَا ٱللَّهُ كَٱلَّذِي ٱسْتَهُوتُهُ ٱلشَّيَطِينُ فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ حَيْرَانَ لَهُوٓ أَصْحَبَّ يَدْعُونَهُ وَ إِلَى ٱلْهُدَى ٱتْتِنَا ۚ قُلْ

- 71. Let-say [you^s]: do we invoke of lesser than Allah what neither benefits us nor harms us; and noraddo (to be forthwith-returned [we]) over our heels¹⁵⁴³ after edh (when) Allah divinely-guided us; like whom [he] the Satans istahwat¹⁵⁴⁴ (affirmably-lured) whim in the land perplexed [be]; for him companions, they z summon him to the divine-guidance: e'etena (let-[you s] come to/approach us); let-say [you s] verily Allah's divine-guidance x it x (is) the divine-guidance^x; and we (had been) commanded to nuslima (we:submit, consign to Islam) for the worlds' Lord.
- 72. And that agemo¹⁵⁴⁵ (let-you z up-to-fulfill the prescribed obligations of) the Prayer^w and ettago (let you^z reverentially guard against the displeasure of Him and He (is) Whom to Him (shall be) thronged you^z.
- 73. And He Who created the Heavens^w and the Earth^w by the right^x; and day [He] says: let-be [you^s] so [it^x] is; his say^x (is) the right^x; and for Him (is) the proprietorship; day (being/to be) blown in the horn Knower x (of) the invisible and the visible and He (is) The Hakeemo¹⁵⁴⁶ (infinite hekmata¹⁵⁴⁷ Possessor) The Proficient.

74. And edh (when) said Ebraheemo (Abraham) to his father Aazar¹⁵⁴⁸: atattakhetho¹⁵⁴⁹(do [you^s] take and presume) idols

إِنَّ هُدَى ٱللَّهِ هُوَ ٱلْهُدَىٰ

وَأُمْرِنَا لِنُسْلِمَ لِرَبِّ ٱلْعَلَمِينَ

وَٱلْأَرْضِ ﴾ بٱلَّحَقّ وَيَوْمَ يَقُولُ كُن فَيَكُونُ قَوْلُهُ ٱلۡحَقُّ وَلَهُ

وَإِذْ قَالَ إِبْرُاهِيمُ لأبيهِ ءَازَرَ

¹⁵⁴¹ The word "إيَّذٰ" from "إلاتخاذ" which is "إلاتخاذ" for إلاتخاذ" as stated in بسان العرب; therefore, الاتخاذ" is always taking and presuming some-thing about what was taken. Thus, it is not just the mere taking.

The word "hameen"="معيم" has no English equivalent per se. So, we transliterate and parenthetically explain. The word "hameem"="معيم", "has at least four different meanings, one of which is a paradoxical meaning of maximally heated water or cooled water or could be just warm water. In this paradoxical sense most of the time it is the maximally heated water is intended. A second meaning is very near or rather close friend/relative; a third meaning is: possessor of mutual affection towards another, and fourth meaning: a summer rain. See

¹⁵⁴³ This is another Arabic tongue expression: "return to our heels" means returned to where we came from.

¹⁵⁴⁴ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for the effect of the letter when added to a word.
1545 The word "أقيمو" is rooted in "أقام" =uphold/sustain/maintain.

[&]quot;حكيم" and "حكيم" and "حكيم" and "حكيم"

¹⁵⁴⁷ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma."

¹⁵⁴⁸ Qur'an commentators are variants about the word "Aazar," as a name for an "idol" or a surname for Abrahm's father, or an "errorist," plus other explanation. However, by "Arabic (linguistic) Rules," the grand father and the brother of the begetter-father are all referred to as "father" on calling or referring to them; so whenever such "father" is intended by his personal name then the real ("begetter") father is not the one intended, but when the father's name is not mentioned, as it is taken for granted, the "begetter-father" is what is

aalehatan (as deities); verily I see youg and your people أَتَتَّخِذُ أَصْنَامًا ءَالِهَةً إِنِّي أَرَىٰكَ in a misguidance^x manifester. وَقَوْمَكَ فِي ضَلَالِ مُّبِينِ 📆 وَكَذَالِكَ نُرِيَ إِبْرَاهِيمَ مَلَكُوتَ 75. And like tha'leka (afar-that-it) × [We] show Ebraheema (Abraham) the Heavens' and the Earth's malakoota 1550 ٱلسَّمَوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ وَلِيَكُونَ مِنَ (enormous and permanent ownership/proprietorship) and to ٱلْمُوقِنِينَ 🕲 be [he] of the mogeneena (certitude possessors). 76. So lamma (when/whence) janna (darkened and covered/ فَلَمَّا جَنَّ عَلَيْهِ ٱلَّيْلُ رَءَا كُوْكَيًا shadowed/intensified its darkness) over him the night [he] قَالَ هَيذَا رَيِّي فَلَمَّآ أَفَلَ قَالَ لَآ saw a star^{x1551}; said[he]: this(is) my lord^x; then when [it^x] أُحِبُ ٱلْأَفِلِينَ ٢ faded said [*he*]: [*I*] love not the faders. فَلَمَّا رَءَا ٱلْقَمَرَ بَازِغًا قَالَ هَيذَا 77. Then lamma (when/whence) [he] saw the moon x ba'zegan (initially-rising) said [he]: this (is) my lord^x; then lamma [it^x] رَبِّي فَلَمَّآ أَفَلَ قَالَ لَبِن لَّمْ يَهْدِني faded said [he]: indeed en(if) not divinely-guides me my لأَكُونَنَّ مِنَ ٱلْقُوْمِرِ Lord surely assuredly ¹⁵⁵²be [I] of the people the strayers. 78. Then *lamma* (when/whence) [he] saw the sun^w ba'zegatan¹⁵⁵³ فَلَمَّا رَءَا ٱلشَّمْسَ بَازِغَةً قَالَ هَلِذَا (initially-rising) [he] said: this is my lord this (is) bigger; هَيٰذَآ أَكُّهُ ۖ فَلَمَّآ أَفَلَتُ then lamma faded-shey said [he]: O, my people verily I قَالَ يَنقُومِ إِنَّى بَرِيَءُ ا am a disclaimant/absolver¹⁵⁵⁴ (of myself) of what you² partner (deities with Allah). 79. Verily Idirected my face for Whom fattara ([He] had innately-إِنِّي وَجُّهْتُ وَجْهِيَ لِلَّذِي فَطَرَ perfectly-originated) the Heavens wand the Earth whaneefan 1555 ٱلسَّمَـٰوَاتِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ كَ (soundly leaning [he]) (Iam) and not I am of the mushrekeena (he-وَمَآ أَنَاْ مِرِ ﴾ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ ﴿ they who partner deities with Allah / he-polytheists). 80. And mutually 1556 argued (with) him his people; said وَحَآجَّهُ ر قَوْمُهُ ر^{َّ} قَالَ أَثَّحَتَجُّونَى [he]: do mutually you argue assuredly (with) me in فِي ٱللَّهِ وَقَدْ هَدَدِن وَلَا أَخَافُ مَا Allah and gad (already and affirmatively) [He] divinely-تُشْرِكُونَ بِهِ ۚ إِلَّا أَن يَشَآءَ رَبِّي guided me; and I fear/know¹⁵⁵⁷ not what you^z partner (other deities) by Him, except if my Lord wills a thing; ۔ وَسِعَ رَبِّي كُلَّ شَيْءٍ expanded¹⁵⁵⁸ my Lord every-thing omnisciently; do عِلْمًا ۚ أَفَلَا تَتَذَكُّرُونَ 🙈 then not you^z reminisce. وَكَيْفَ أَخَافُ مَاۤ أَشُوكُتُمُ 81. And how [I] fear/know¹⁵⁵⁹ what partnered you^c (deities رَبِي أَنْكُمْ أَشُرَكُتُم with Allah) while you^z fear not that you^z partnered by

intended. Also, and Allah knows best, no paternal linage of Prophet Mohammad (SAWS) is linkable to be non-Muslim.

¹⁵⁴⁹ The word "إيَّخذ"; therefore, "المُتَخاذ" from "إيُّخذ"; therefore إليُّخذ"; therefore المُتَخاذ" is always taking and making and presuming some-thing about what was taken. Thus, it is not just the mere taking.

1550 The word "عاكوت" :i.e. the enormous and permanent proprietorship.

¹⁵⁵¹ The word "کوکب" from a *linguistic* point of view means: star. Although in modern times "کوکب" = planet.

[&]quot;is a juratory "الا القسم" = "الله " i.e. affirmation, expressed here by "assuredly." ألا is a juratory "الكونن" is a juratory "الكونن" i.e. affirmation, expressed here by "assuredly." is 3 Unlike English, the "sun" in Arabic is a feminine. Also there is "الكونن" = initially-rising and "الكونن" = sunrise.

¹⁵⁵⁴ That is a repudiator.

The word "ميلا" in this Ayah is a predicate construct (for عان), hence "incliner/soundly leaning [he]. See عديفاً المحمود صافي. The "inclining/leaning" is to the sound religion or faith of Ibraheem's (Abraham's); as he inclined/leaned away from his people's faith which was based on multiple idols' worships.

¹⁵⁵⁶ The word "mutually" is used here to indicate mutuality for "disputed" which is so in Arabic.

¹⁵⁵⁷ Linguistically the word "خفت" carries dual meanings: (1) feared and (2) knew. Both meanings could apply.

¹⁵⁵⁸ The word "وُسِع" = "Expanded" means is already broadened to contain/include/comprehend.

¹⁵⁵⁹ See footnote 1557 above regarding fear/know.

Allah what not younazzel ([He] repetitively descended) by it on you' an authority; so which (of) both the teams (is) righter so by the security en(if) you' were (10) know. 82. Who' they' believed and not addled they' their belief by dhulmen (polytheism/ injustice) those for them (is) the security and they (are) muhtadoona' soil (they who found and accepted the divine-guidance). 83. And telka" (she-that-afar-it"/those") (is) Our argument aa'tayna (We accordeal/ allotted) it " Ebraheema (Abraham) over his people; [We] raise the ranks" of whom? [We] will; verily your' Lord (is) Hakeemon' (infinite bekmah)' soil (Jacob) each We divinely-guided and Noabam (Noabam (Jacob) and Esa (Bara-that-it) solling and Alyuba (Job), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Mosa (Moses) and Haroona (Aaron) and like tha' leka (afar-that-it) solling and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa' leheena (righteous-people). 85. And Zachariya (Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa' leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyusa'a (Elisba) and Younisa (Jonab) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred-favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum' soil (John) and each We preferred devinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) soil Allah's divine-guidance divinely-guides [He] by it "whom? [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/ submitters/ slaves); and had they a partnered (deities with Allah's were working. 89. Those, whom 'aa' layna (We accorded/ given) them the book and the rule, and prophethood "so en (if)		
righter 1560 by the security en (if) you' were (to) know. 82. Who' they' believed and not addled they' their belief by dhulmen (polytheism' injustice) those for them (is) the security and they (are) mubitadoona (they who found and accepted the divine-guidance). 83. And telka' (she-that-afar-i' those') (is) Our argument ad'atyna (We accorded allotted) it Ebraheema (Abraham) over his people; [We] raise the ranks of whom [We] will; verily your' Lord (is) Hakeemon' 1562 (infinite hekmah) 1563 Possessor) Omniscient. 84. And We granted for him Es'haqa (Isaac), and Ya'aqooba (Jacob) each We divinely-guided and Noaham (Noah) We divinely-guided of before; and of his progeny 1564 Dawooda (David), and Sulaymana (Solomon) and Ayyuha (Joh), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Mosa (Moses) and Haroona (Aaron) and like tha'leka (afar-that-it) [We] requite the benefactors. 85. And Zachariya(Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonah) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred-favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtahahum' 1565 (favorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) * (is) Allah's divine-guidance divinely-guides [He] by it * whom [He] wills of His eba'de (norshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (detites with Allah) surely (nonald have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working.		
82. Who they believed and not addled they their belief by dbulmen (polytheism/injustice) those for them (is) the security and they (are) mubitadoonal of (they who found and accepted the divine-guidance). 83. And telka (she-that-afar-it those (is) Our argument ad tayna (We accorded allotted) it Ebraheema (Abraham) over his people; We raise the ranks of whom We will; verily your Lord (is) Hakeemon! of (infinite hekmah! one of his progeny! In the divinely-guided for him Es'haqa (Isaac), and Ya'aqooba (Jacob) each We divinely-guided and Noaham (Noah) We divinely-guided of before; and of his progeny! of Darooda (David), and Sulaymana (Solomon) and Ayyuha (Job), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Mosa (Moses) and Haroona (Aaron) and like tha'leka (afar-that-it) We requite the benefactors. 85. And Zachariya (Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonah) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred-favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtahahum! of (Javarably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) : (is) Allah's divine-guidance divinely-guides [He] by it whom [He] wills of His eba'de (norshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (mould have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working.		
security and they (are) muhtadoona sould accepted the divine-guidance). 83. And telka" (she-that-afar-it" / those") (is) Our argument aa'tayna (We accorded/allotted) it "Ebrabeema (Abrabam) over his people; [We] raise the ranks "of whom p [We] will; verily your' Lord (is) Hakeemon' 562 (infinite hekmah 1663 Possessor) Omniscient. 84. And We granted for him Es'haqa (Isaac), and Ya'aqooba (Jacob) each We divinely-guided and Noahan (Noah) We divinely-guided of before; and of his progeny! 564 Dawooda (David), and Sulaymana (Solomon) and Ayyuba (Job), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Mosa (Moses) and Haroona (Aaron) and like tha'leka (afar-that-it) * [We] requite the benefactors. 85. And Zachariya (Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Ehyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonab) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred-favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum 565 (favorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/nay) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) * (is) Allah's divine-guidance divinely-guides [He] by it * whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working.	82. Whor they believed and not addled they their belief	
الْأُمْنُ وَهُم مُهُنَدُونَ وَهُمُونَ وَهُم مُهُنَدُونَ وَهُمُونَ وَهُمُمُنَا لَمُ وَمُعُمُونَ وَهُمُونَ وَهُمُ مُهُمُونَ وَهُمُونَ وَهُمُونَ وَهُمُونَ وَهُمُونَ وَهُمُونَ وَهُمُونَ وَهُمُونَ وَهُمُ مُهُمُونَ وَهُمُونَ وَهُمُ مُعُمُونَ وَهُمُ مُلِعُمُ وَمُعُمُونَ وَهُمُ مُلِعُمُ وَمُعُمُونَ وَهُمُ مُلِعُمُ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَهُمُ مُلِعُمُ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَهُمُ مُلِعُمُ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَعُمُمُ مُعُمُونَ وَعُمُمُ وَمُعُمُونَ وَعُمُمُونَ وَعُمُمُ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَعُمُعُمُ وَالْمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَالْمُعُمُونَ وَالْمُعُمُونَ وَالْمُعُمُ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَعُمُمُونَ وَمُعُمُونَ وَ		إِيمَنتَهُم بِظُلَّمٍ أُوْلَتِبِكَ لَهُمُ
aa'tayna (We accorded/allotted) it * Ebraheema (Abraham) over his people; [We] raise the ranks of whom [We] will; verily your Lord (is) Hakeemon (5602 (infinite hekmah) [We] will; verily your Lord (is) Hakeemon (5602 (infinite hekmah) [We] will; verily your Lord (is) Hakeemon (5602 (infinite hekmah) [We] Possessor) Omniscient. 84. And We granted for him Es'haqa (Isaac), and Ya'aqooba (Jacob) each We divinely-guided and Noahan (Noah) We divinely-guided of before; and of his progeny [564] Dawooda (David), and Sulaymana (Solomon) and Ayyuba (Job), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Mosa (Moses) and Haroona (Aaron) and like tha'leka (afar-that-it) [We] requite the benefactors. 85. And Zachariya (Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonah) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred- / favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum [565] (Javorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) (is) Allah's divine-guidance of iversity for the sale of th		ٱلْأُمَّنُ وَهُم مُّهْتَدُونَ 🕽
over his people; [We] raise the ranks w of whom p [We] will; verily your Lord(is) Hakeemon sold possessor) Omniscient. 84. And We granted for him Es'haqa (Isaai), and Ya'aqooba (Jacob) each We divinely-guided and Noahan (Noah) We divinely-guided of before; and of his progeny sold [Job), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Sulaymana (Solomon) and Ayyuha (Job), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Mosa (Moses) and Haroona (Aaron) and like tha'leka (afar-that-it) * [We] requite the benefactors. 85. And Zachariya (Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonah) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred-favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their brothers and ejiahahum sold [javahum] straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) * (is) Allah's divine-guidance divinely-guides [He] by it * whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom a a'tayna (We accorded/given) them the		
Possessor) Omniscient. 84. And We granted for him Es'haqa (Isaae), and Ya'aqooba (Jacob) each We divinely-guided and Noahan (Noah) We divinely-guided of before; and of his progeny 1564 Dawooda (David), and Sulaymana (Solomon) and Ayyuba (Job), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Mosa (Moses) and Haroona (Aaron) and like tha'leka (afar-that-it) * [We] requite the benefactors. 85. And Zachariya(Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonah) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred-favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum 1565 (favorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) * (is) Allah's divine-guidance * divinely-guides [He] by it * whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom a' a'tayna (We accorded/given) them the		
84. And We granted for him Es'haqa (Isaac), and Ya'aqooba (Jacob) each We divinely-guided and Noahan (Noah) We divinely-guided of before; and of his progeny 1564 Danooda (David), and Sulaymana (Solomon) and Ayyuba (Job), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Mosa (Moses) and Haroona (Aaron) and like tha'leka (afar-that-it) × [We] requite the benefactors. 85. And Zachariya (Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Etyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonah) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred- / favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum¹ 565 (favorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) × (is) Allah's divine-guidance × divinely-guides [He] by it × whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom ach divinely-guided and Noahan (Noah) We divinely-guided for his progeny 1564 Rational Noahan (Noah) Rational Noah (Moses) Rational Ayyuba (Joh) Rational Ayyuba (Rational Ayyuba (Rational) Rational Ayy		نشاءُ إِن رَبُّكَ حِكِيمٌ عَلِيمٌ
(Jacob) each We divinely-guided and Noahan (Noah) We divinely-guided of before; and of his progeny 1564 Danvooda (David), and Sulaymana (Solomon) and Ayyuha (Job), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Mosa (Moses) and Haroona (Aaron) and like tha'leka (afar-that-it) * [We] requite the benefactors. 85. And Zachariya(Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonah) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred- /favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum ¹⁵⁶⁵ (favorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) * (is) Allah's divine-guidance * divinely-guides [He] by it * whom P He wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n (regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom * aa'tayna (We accorded/given) them the		وَهُنْنَا لَهُرَ اسْحَلِقَ وَنَعْقُونَ
Dawooda (David), and Sulaymana (Solomon) and Ayyuba (Job), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Mosa (Moses) and Haroona (Aaron) and like tha'leka (afar-that-it) × [We] requite the benefactors. 85. And Zachariya(Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonah) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred-favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum ¹⁵⁶⁵ (favorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) × (is) Allah's divine-guidance divinely-guides [He] by it × whom p [He] wills of Hiseba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered(deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom a a'tayna (We accorded/given) them the		
(Job), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Mosa (Moses) and Haroona (Aaron) and like tha'leka (afar-that-it) × [We] requite the benefactors. 85. And Zachariya(Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonah) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred-favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtahahum' so (Javorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) × (is) Allah's divine-guidance divinely-guides [He] by it × whom [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom a' a'tayna (We accorded/given) them the		مِن قَبْلُ ۗ وَمِن ذُرّيَّتِهِ ۖ دَاوُردَ
benefactors. 85. And Zachariya (Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonah) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred- / favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum ¹⁵⁶⁵ (favorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) × (is) Allah's divine-guidance × divinely-guides [He] by it × whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n (regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom a' aa'tayna (We accorded/given) them the	(Job), and Yousifa (Joseph) and Mosa (Moses) and Haroona	
85. And Zachariya (Zacharias) and Yahya (John) and Esa (Jesus) and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonah) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred-favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum (favorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) × (is) Allah's divine-guidance divinely-guides [He] by it × whom [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n (regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom and Yahya (We accorded/given) them the		
and Elyasa (Elais) each of the ssa'leheena (righteous-people). 86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (Jonah) and Lootta (Lot) and each We preferred- / favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum ¹⁵⁶⁵ (favorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) × (is) Allah's divine-guidance divinely-guides [He] by it × whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n (regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa (isha) and Younisa (i		
/favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum ¹⁵⁶⁵ (favorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) × (is) Allah's divine-guidance × divinely-guides [He] by it × whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they z partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom a' aa'tayna (We accorded/given) them the		•
/favored over the worlds. 87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum ¹⁵⁶⁵ (favorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) × (is) Allah's divine-guidance × divinely-guides [He] by it × whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they z partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom a' aa'tayna (We accorded/given) them the	86. And Ismaela (Ishmael) and Alyasa'a (Elisha) and Younisa	وَإِسْمَعِيلَ وَٱلْيَسَعَ وَيُونُسَ
87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their brothers and ejtabahum ¹⁵⁶⁵ (favorably and directly selected them) We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) × (is) Allah's divine-guidance × divinely-guides [He] by it × whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom a' aa'tayna (We accorded/given) them the		
We and We divinely-guided them to Sseratten (road/way) straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) × (is) Allah's divine-guidance × divinely-guides [He] by it × whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom a' aa'tayna (We accorded/given) them the	87. And of their fathers and their progenies and their	
straight. 88. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) × (is) Allah's divine-guidance × divinely-guides [He] by it × whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered(deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n(regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom a' aa'tayna (We accorded/given) them the		
divinely-guides [He] by it * whom p [He] wills of His eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they partnered (deities with Allah) surely (would have) miscarried a'n (regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom aa'tayna (We accorded/given) them the		صِرَاطٍ مُسْتَقِيمِ
eba'de (worshippers/submitters/slaves); and had they ^z المرقوا ولو اشرقوا partnered(deities with Allah) surely(would have) miscarried مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ مَا الله والمحتاجة عَنْهُم مَّا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ مَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ عَالِمَة عَمْلُونَ عَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ عَالِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ عَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ عَالِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ عَالِمَا يَعْمَلُونَ عَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ عَالَى الله عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ وَالْمَا يَعْمَلُونَ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلْكُوكُ عَلَيْكُوكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُوكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيكُ عَلِيكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيكُ عَلِيكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيكُ عَلِيكُ عَلَيْكُ عَلِيكُ عَلِيكُ عَلِيكُ عَلِيكُ عَلِيكُ عَلَيْكُ		ذَالِكَ هُدَى ٱللَّهِ يَهْدِى بِهِ مَن
a'n(regarding) them what they were working. 89. Those, whom aa'tayna (We accorded/given) them the أُوْلَتَهِكُ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَهُمُ ٱلْكِكَتِينَ		33 33 77 17 11
89. Those, whom aa'tayna (We accorded/given) them the أُوْلَتِكَ ٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَهُمُ ٱلْكِكَتِبَ		لحَبِط عَنَهُم مَا كَانُوا يَعَمَلُون
<u> </u>		وَالْخُكُمُ وَالنُّبُوَّةَ أَ فَإِن يَكُفُرُ بِهَا

"is a comparative adjective of "right," see Merriam Webster's Dictionary. And "أحْق" = "righter" as an adjective comparative.

162

as an adjective comparative.

1561 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "muhtadee" and its plural "muhtadoon"/"muhtadeen."

1562 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "الحكيم" and "حكيم" and "حكيم"

1563 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma."

1564 The word "مرية" linguistically has double meaning: (1) ancestry or (2) progeny. See اللسان. Clearly in this context progeny is what applies. Also the word progeny is both plural and singular or progenies; clearly here it is the descendents which are in reference.

1565 The Arabic word "fired and directly selected," meaning a direct singling out in preference.

unbelieve by it^w these then *qad* (already and affirmatively) We entrusted by it w a people not by it w surely (are) unbelievers theyz.

كُلِّنَا بِهَا قَوْمًا لَّيْسُواْ

90. Those whom^r Allah divinely-guided, so by their divineguidance eqtadeh (let-pattern/model [you^s]); let-say [you^s]: [I] ask not on it x remuneration en (not) it x (is) except a reminiscence^w/remembrance^{w1566} for the worlds.

- 91. And not they^z appraised Allah His right appraisement edh (when) said theyz: not Allah descended on a human of a thing; let-say [you^s]: who a descended the book x which a came by it Mosa (Moses) an illumination and a divine-guidance for the mankind; you^z make it^x papers^w you^z disclose/flash it^wand you^z conceal much; and (had been) taught you^c what knew not you^z and neither yourⁿ fathers; let-say [you^s]: Allah; afterwards tharr¹⁵⁶⁷ (you^s: letalone, forsake) them in their wading 1568 playing.
- قَدَرُواْ ٱللَّهُ حَقَّ قَدْرِهِ ٓ إِذَّ قَالُواْ مَآ أَنْزَلَ ٱللَّهُ عَلَىٰ بَشَر مِّن قُلُ مَنْ أَنْزَلَ ٱلْكِتَابَ للنَّاس قَرَاطِيسَ تُبُدُونَهَا وَتَخْفُونَ كَثِيرًا وَعُلَّمْتُم مَّا لَمْ تَعَلَّمُوا أَنتُمْ وَلَآ ءَابَآؤُكُمْ قُل ٱللَّهُ ثُمَّ ذَرُهُمْ في
- 92. And this (is) a Book * We descended it * blessed, mussaddego¹⁵⁶⁹ (accepter as credible) (of that) which x (is) between its x hands, w1570 and to [yous] warn the villages' w1571 mother and whomever (are) around itw; and whor they believe by the Hereafter^w they^z believe by it^x; and they (are) on their Prayer they^z keep-up¹⁵⁷².

كَتَكُ أَن لَنهُ مُمَارَكُ دِّقُٱلَّذِي بَيْنَ يَدَيِّهِ وَلِتُنذَرَ أُمُّ ٱلْقُرَىٰ وَمَنْ حَوْلِهَا ۗ وَٱلَّذِينَ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِٱلْأَخِرَةِ يُؤْمِنُونَ بِهِـ وَهُمْ عَلَىٰ صَلَاتِهِ يُحَافِظُونَ 🟐

93. And who^a (is) wronger¹⁵⁷³ than who^p iftra([he] crafted a lie for fraudulent end) on Allah an untruth or said [he]: (had been) revealed to me while (had been) not revealed 1574 to him a thing; and whop [he] said: [I] shall descend like what Allah descended; and if 1575 [you s] see edh (when) the dha'lemoona¹⁵⁷⁶ (injustice-doers) in [the] death's abysses w1577

وَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّن ٱفْتَرَىٰ عَلَى ٱللَّهِ كَذَبًا أُوْ قَالَ أُوحِيَ إِلَىٰ وَلَمْ يُوحَ إِلَيِّهِ شَيِّءٌ وَمَن قَالَ سَأْنِولُ مِثْلُ مَا أَنْزَلَ ٱللَّهُ وَلُوْ تُرَىٰ إِذِ ٱلظُّلِلمُونِ فِي غَمَرَاتِ ٱلمَوْتِ

[&]quot;.نكرى" = 1566 See footnote 1516 above regarding reminiscence

¹⁵⁶⁷ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding "tharr."

¹⁵⁶⁸ The word "wading" meaning plunged into discussing a topic without knowledge or recklessly.

¹⁵⁶⁹ The word "musaddegon" is more than an "affirmer," as "affirmer is for affirmation or confirmation."

^{1570 &}quot;Between its hands," means before it.

^{1571 &}quot;Mother of all villages" means Makkah.

[&]quot;is rooted in "حفظ" = "kept-up" not just "kept, or maintained," or even "guarded." Merriam Webster's Dictionary puts it: "to stay even (as in acts of strength, endurance, or speed) *although he was small he could keep up with the larger boys in sports*." (Emphasis is added).

1573 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "فاعل الظلم" = "injustice-doer" and "wronger." "wronger."

¹⁵⁷⁴ See footnote 1440 above regarding *reveal*.

[&]quot;. See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding.".

[&]quot;: "the injustice-doer," as "ظالمون" = "injustice."

¹⁵⁷⁷ The word "غمرات" has several meanings, among them: abysses, or troubles and overwhelming agonies of death. This great Ayah urges quick quitting or hastily leaving them in their "غمرات" until such a time, when Allah will place on them what they deserve.

and the angels (are) ba'setto^{w1578} (outstretching / spreading they?) their hands: let-egress you^z yourⁿ selves w today (to be) requited you z the humiliation torment by what you z were saying on Allah other than the right; and you^c were a'n (regarding) His Aya'te^w (miracles/sings/proofs-/Our'an) testakberona¹⁵⁷⁹(you^z affirmprideful haughtiness).

- 94. And lagad(verily, already and affirmatively) came you^c (to) us individually 1580 just-as We created you b first once w (timew); and you cleft what khanwalna (We: fostered/nurtured) you^b beyond¹⁵⁸¹ yourⁿ backs; and [We] see not with you^z yourⁿ intercessors whom^r you^c claimed that they (are)in you^zpartners (deities besides Allah); lagad (verily, already and affirmatively) tagatta'a (iteratively severed) 1582 among you^b and strayed a'n(off) you^b what you^c were claiming.
- خَلُقَتَنكُمْ أُوَّلَ مَرَّةِ وَتَرَكُّتُم مَّا خَوَّلْنَاكُمْ وَرَآءَ ظُهُورِكُمْ وَمَا مَعَكُمْ شُفَعَآءَكُمُ ٱلَّذِينَ تُمْ أَنُّمْ فِيكُمْ شُرِّكَتُوا لَقَد تَّقَطَّعَ بَيْنَكُمْ وَضَلَّ عَنكُم مَّا
- 95. Verily Allah(is) the grains' Cleaver and the date-stones' (too); youkhrejo([He] emerges/produces) the hayya (living/alive) from the mayye'te (eventually dying/dead), and mokhrejo (producer [He]) the mayye'te from the hayya; tha'lekum (collective-afar-He) Allah, so wherefrom to'afakona¹⁵⁸³ (you^z to be off-right dissuaded/you speciously concoct).
- إِنَّ ٱللَّهَ فَالِقُ ٱلْحُبِّ وَٱلنَّوَىٰ يُخْرِجُ ٱلْحَيَّ مِنَ ٱلْمَيِّتِ وَمُخْرِجُ ٱلْمَيِّتِ مِنَ ٱلْحَىٰ ۚ ذَٰ لِكُمُ ٱللَّهُ فَأَنَّىٰ تُؤَفُّونَ 📆
- 96. The mornings' 1584 Cleaver, and made [He] the night a repose and the sun $^{\mathrm{w}}$ and the moon $^{\mathrm{x}}$ husbanan (for a precise-reckoning); 1585 tha'leka(afar-that-it) (is the) fating (of) The Mighty The Omniscient.
- سَكِّنًا وَٱلشَّمْسَ وَٱلْقَمَرَ حُسِّبَانًا ذَالِكَ تَقْدِيرُ ٱلْعَزِيزِ ٱلْعَلِيمِ
- 97. And He Who made for you^b the stars w to tahtado (you^z) find and accept the divine-guidance) by it^w in the [desert's]¹⁵⁸⁶ (land's) and the sea's darknesses w; qad (already and

¹⁵⁷⁸ That is the angels are "stretching their hand with torture or its means."

¹⁵⁷⁹ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter س when added to a word..

¹⁵⁸⁰ The word "فرادى" means individually, i.e. one by one or singly and distinctly.

1581 The word "فرادى" means: (1) "ألقدام أو بعد الخلف للأمر العظيم الذي لا يُقدر عليه، مثلا: و يذرون وراءهم الآخرة." (2) "وراء» so, here beyond (not behind/back/rear). So

beyond in its sense of above reach of knowledge or experience.

1582 The word "قطع" is not synonymous with "قطع" As "قطع" means severed from a multiple aspects. In other words, all the various relationships that they maintained with their idle deities are all now severed.

The word "تُوْفَكُون" means you are dissuaded to divert to an improper path away from the right, you get persuaded by

¹⁵⁸⁴ The Arabic word "ביילס" is the plural for "ביילס"," meaning the first part of the day by the Arabic (or Islamic) reckoning, i.e. right after daybreak, not after midnight of the previous day, as in "Western colander."

The word "عسبان" is very significant here, but for lack of a better word we say, in this context, precise-reckoning. But "عساب" is the plural of "عساب" = mathematics, but it is also the infinitive noun of the "عساب" which is in itself an infinitive noun. In Arabic when two words are equivalent in meaning, the one with more letters to its construct carries more meaning than its synonym. In this case "خصبان" has one letter "ن" more. Also, since both "خصبان" are infinitive nouns, the "خصبان" would have more meaning to it. The infinitive noun of any word implies the ultimate action of the verb. And when there is more word construct of an infinitive noun that means more precision and instructiveness. Thus in this context, the "حسبان" indicates very precise reckoning and that we should take heed of the various potential implications of such a precision.

¹⁵⁸⁶ See footnote 1516 above regarding desert.

affirmatively) We expounded the Aya'tew (messages/signs/ فَصَّلْنَا ٱلْآيَنتِ proofs) for a knowing people. 98. And He Who established¹⁵⁸⁷ you^z from one^{w1588} self^w so (it w is in a) mustagarron¹⁵⁸⁹ (permanent-abode/ultimate realization) and (it w is in) a storage gad (already and affirmatively) expounded We the Aya'tew (messages/signs/ *proofs*) for an understanding people. 99. And He Who (had) descend from the sky water so وَهُو ٱلَّذِي أَنزَلَ مِنَ ٱلسَّمَآءِ مَآءً akhrajna (We emerged/produced) by it x bud/shoot (of) فَأْخُرُجْنَا بِهِ نَبَاتَ كُلِّ شَيْء every-thing; then akhrajna from it greenery, nukhrejo فَأَخْرُجْنَا مِنْهُ خَضِرًا نُخُرِجُ مِنْهُ ([We] produce) from it grains mutarakeban¹⁵⁹⁰ (conjoinedly atop-riders); and of the date-palms w of its w genwanon حَبًّا مُتْرَاكِبًا وَمِنَ ٱلنَّحْل مِن (cluster-bunches) da'neyaton (hanging near) w; and gardens w طَلُّعِهَا قِنْوَانٌ دَانِيَةٌ وَجَنَّنتِ مِّنْ of grapes¹⁵⁹¹ and the olives and the pomegranates a أُعْنَابِ وَٱلزَّيْتُونَ وَٱلْأُمَّانَ مُشْتَبِهًا look-alike¹⁵⁹² and other than a similar; let-look you^z to its^x وَغَيْرَ مُتَشَبِهِ ۗ ٱنظُرُوۤاْ إِلَىٰ ثُمَرِهِ ٓ thama'rex (trees/plant/crops/fruits)x edha (when/then) it x athmara (had fruited/cropped) and its x ya'nae1593 (ripeness/-إِذَآ أَثَّمَرَ وَيَنْعِهِۦٓ ۚ إِنَّ فِي ذَالِكُمْ yield); verily in tha'lekum (collective-afar-that) surely (are) Aya'te $^{\text{w}}$ (miracles/signs/proofs) for a believing people. 100. And they made for Allah partners (of) the Jinn, while [He] created them; and kharago¹⁵⁹⁴ (they thoughtlessly feigned) for Him sons and daughters by other than knowledge; subhana¹⁵⁹⁵ (Allah is hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects, and solemnly all stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him and ta'aala (ever elevated [He]) a'n(regarding) what they describe 1596 (feign).

1590 That is each rides atop the other.

The Arabic word used here is "أشناكم" rooted in "أنشأ," which means established that is found or set up

some thing from some thing else, or developed something *new* from some existent thing.

1588 The "self" in Arabic is a *feminine* and so the *qualifying reference to it must be feminized*, hence: "*she-one*."

1589 Clearly for the *realization* of anything *in this world* requires *time* and *place* to happen in it *semi-permanently*.

the mention of the "النخل و الأعناب" the mention of the "النخل و الأعناب "Invariably throughout The Qur an when the reference is made to the "אולים" the mention of the date-palm is openly stated but with respect to the grapevine, known in Arabic as "אולים," never ever the mention of the "grapevine per se but the reference is made only to the fruit itself, i.e. the grapes." In this respect, there is a true Hadeeth in al-Bukharey and Muslim, which directs the believers not to refer to "אולים "is the Hadeeth in another narration: verily only that "אולים," is the heart of the believer. See אולים אולים ווביל השבי ווביל השבי ווביל השבי ווביל השבי ווביל השבי although linguistically means inscrutable, perplexing, or difficult to discern the difference between some thing and a similar another, yet it is a fact unanimously agreed to by all

Qura'n commentators that The Qur'an explains itself by itself. Therefore, whatever seems or is unclear to be taken and understood in light of that which is its similar but clear. In this great Ayah, the word "auties" linguistically imparts the aforementioned meanings, but the idea of "gardens of date-palms, and olives and pomegranates are clearly stated in Ayah 141 of this Surah (Surah 6:141). And this great Ayah with respect to these fruits "looking alike" it says: "look-alike and other than look-alike." So, "at should be taken in the context of this clear Ayah. That is why the translation rendered above is as shown.

¹⁵⁹³ The word "ينع" in "نيع" has dual and supportive meanings: (1) ripeness, (2) yield. Both could apply.

1594 The word "غرق" in "غرق" has several meanings, among them: thoughtlessly feigned or fabricated. See البصائد.

1595 The word "subhanaho" = "سبحانه" has no English equivalent. The word is made up of two parts: "subhana" and the pronoun "ho" = "Him." Wherever the word "subhana," or its associates/inflections (such as "سبحان") or "سَبْحانك") occur all are associated with the divine uniqueness of Allah, doing stupendous work that Allah and Allah alone can do, thus deserving the utmost solemn consecration for His divine uniqueness. So, we can render "subhana"= "سبحان" concept by saying: Allah is hallowedly and marvelously deemed transcending all defects, and

solemnly all stand in awe and utmost consecration of Him).

1596 The word "يصفون" rooted in "وصف" In the Arabic tongue expression "يصفون" untruth, as in the Ayah: "And describe your tongues the untruth" (S16: 62).

101. The Heavens' w and the Earth's w Ba'dee'ao ¹⁵⁹⁷ (Perfect-Originator) wherefrom ¹⁵⁹⁸ (to) be for Him a child, and not was for Him a she-consort; and [He] created everything; and He (is) by everything Omniscient.	بَدِيعُ ٱلسَّمَوَ تِ وَٱلْأَرْضِ أَنَّىٰ يَكُونُ لَهُ وَلَدُ وَلَمْ تَكُن لَّهُ وَصَلَّى اللَّهُ وَصَلَّى اللَّهُ وَصَلَحَ كُلَّ شَيْء وَهُوَ بِكُلِّ شَيْء وَهُو بِكُلِّ شَيْء وَهُو بِكُلِّ شَيْء وَهُو بِكُلِّ شَيْء عَلِيمٌ ﴿
102. Tha'lekum (collective-afar-He) * Allah your * Lord; no an elaha (a deity) except Him; Creator (of) every-thing; so let-worship Him you z; and He (is) over every thing a Custodian.	ذَالِكُمُ ٱللَّهُ رَبُّكُمُ لَآ إِلَنهَ إِلَّا هُوَ خَلِقُ كُلِّ شَيْء فَاعْبُدُوهُ وَهُو عَلَىٰ كُلِّ شَيْء وَكِيلٌ ۖ
103. Not comprehend Him the <i>abssa'ro</i> (<i>insights/discernments</i>) possessors and He comprehends the <i>abssa'ra</i> (= <i>abssa'ro</i>), while He (<i>is</i>) The <i>Lateefo</i> ¹⁵⁹⁹ (<i>fine/subtle/gentle/protector</i>) The Proficient.	لَّا تُدْرِكُهُ إِلْأَبْصَرُ وَهُوَ لَلْأَبْصَرُ وَهُوَ لَيُدْرِكُ ٱلْأَبْصَرَ وَهُوَ ٱللَّطِيفُ ٱلْخَبِيرُ ﴿
104. Qad (already and affirmatively) came (to) you b persuaderevidences w1600 from your h Lord; so whoever [he] discerned, so for himself w and whoever [he] blinded (his self) then over it w; and not on you h I am surely hafeedhen1601 (iterative keeper-up).	قَدْ جَآءَكُم بَصَآبِرُ مِن رَّبِكُمْ فَمَنْ فَكِنَّهُ وَمَنْ فَلِنَفْسِهِ وَمَنْ عَمَنْ عَمَى فَعَلَيْهَا وَمَآ أَنَا عَلَيْكُم عَمِى فَعَلَيْهَا وَمَآ أَنَا عَلَيْكُم عَمِي فَعَلَيْهَا وَمَآ أَنَا عَلَيْكُم عَمِي فَعَلَيْهَا
105. And like <i>tha'leka (afar-that-it</i>) × [We] variegate the Aya'te ^w (messages) and to say they ^z : you ^g studied; ¹⁶⁰² and to manifest it ^x [We] for a knowing people.	وَكَذَالِكَ نُصَرِّفُ ٱلْأَيَسِ وَلِيَقُولُواْ دَرَسْتَ وَلِنْبَيِّنَهُ لِقَوْمِ يَعْلَمُونَ هِ
106. Ettabe'a (let-closely follow [you ^s]) what (had been) revealed ¹⁶⁰³ to you ^g from your ^t Lord; no an elaha (a deity) except Him; and let-shun a'n(off) [you ^s] the mushrekeena (he-they who partner deities with Allah/he-polytheists).	ٱتَّبِعْ مَآ أُوحَى إِلَيْكَ مِن رَّبِكَ ۖ لَآ اللهُ اللهَ اللهَ اللهَ اللهُ هُوَ ۗ وَأُعْرِضْ عَن اللهُ اللّهُ اللهُ ا
107. And had Allah willed not partnered they ² (deities with Allah); and not We made you ^g over them hafeedhan ¹⁶⁰⁴ (iterative keeper-up) and not over them you ^g (are) surely a custodian.	وَلَوْ شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ مَآ أَشْرَكُوا ﴿ وَمَا جَعَلُنكَ عَلَيْهِمْ حَفِيظًا ﴿ وَمَآ أَنتَ عَلَيْهِمْ بِوَكِيلٍ ﴿
108. And let-not revile you who they invoke of lesser than Allah then they (would) revile Allah aggressively by other than knowledge; like tha'leka (afar-that-it) We adorned for every Ummaten (people/community) their	ُ وَلا تَسُبُّواْ ٱلَّذِينَ يَدْعُونَ مِن دُون ٱللَّهِ فَيَسُبُّواْ ٱللَّهَ عَدْوًّا بِغَيْرٍ عِلْمِ ۚ كَذَٰ لِكَ زَيَّنًا لِكُلِّ أُمَّةٍ

¹⁶⁰² They accused the messenger (SAWS) that he was taught by some Jews or Christians.

¹⁶⁰³ See footnote 1440 above regarding reveal.

¹⁵⁹⁷ The word "צָּבֶּש" has two distinct albeit related meanings: (1) the Perfect-Originator, (2) the perfectlyoriginated thing (s), such as the Heavens or the Earth. See الهادي.

The word "نائی" is a multi-meaning adverbial particle: wherefrom, when, how-so, where.

1599 The word "فيق" is a multi-meaning adverbial particle: wherefrom, when, how-so, where.

1599 The word "فيق" " "نائین" in "concrete (material) terms it means: fine and in abstract terms, it means: subtle or gentle or both. See "اللطيف" is one Allah's most beautiful attributive names, which denotes protection in addition to fineness, subtlety, and gentleness. I know of no English word which simultaneously denotes: fineness, subtlety, gentleness and protection. Hence, the only available resort is transliteration and

parenthetical explanation.

1600 The word used is: "بصيرة" plural for the singular "بصيرة" =persuader-evidence.

1601 The word "خفظ" is rooted in "خفظ" = "kept-up" not just "kept, or maintained," or even "guarded."

Merriam Webster's Dictionary puts "keep up" as: "to stay even (as in acts of strength, endurance, or speed) *although he was small he could keep up with the larger boys in sports*." (Emphasis is added).

¹⁶⁰⁴ The word "عفیظ" is rooted in "هفیغ" = "kept-up" not just "kept, or maintained," or even "guarded." Merriam Webster's Dictionary puts "keep up" as: "to stay even (as in acts of strength, endurance, or speed) *although he was small he could keep up with the larger boys in sports*." (Emphasis is added).

works; afterwards to their Lord (is) their return then ثُمَّ إِلَىٰ رَبِّهِ مُّرْجِعُهُمْ younabbe'o ([He] inform by piece-of-significant-and-availing-بِمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ 📾 news) them by what they were working. 109. And aqsamo (they z oathed) by Allah jahda (utmost/ultimate) their ayma'ne (oaths) indeed en (if) came w (to) يَّهُمُ ءَايَةٌ لَيُؤْمِنُنَّ بِهَا إِ them an Aya'ton^w (message / sign) surely assuredly 1605 (would) believe they by it ; let-say [yous]: verily only the Aya'te آلاًيُتُ عندُ ٱلله (messages-/signs) (are) enda(by munificence of/by Rule of) Allah; كُشِّعِرُكُمُ أَنَّهُآ إِذَا جَاءَتُ لَا and what (makes) you^z perceive surely it^w if (the Aya'te^w) came^{w1606} they^z believe not¹⁶⁰⁷. 110. And nogallebo ([We] recurrently transpose)1608 their af'edata وَنُقَلِبُ أُفْئِدَتَهُمْ وَأُبْصَرَهُمْ كُمَا (keen-preoccupation of the hearts)1609 and their abssa'ra لَمْ يُؤْمِنُواْ بِهِ ۚ أُوَّلَ مَرَّةِ وَنَذَرُهُمْ (insights/discernments) just-as not they believed by it first once w(timew) and natharo 1610 ([We] let-alone/forsake-/desert) في طُغُيننِهم يَعْمَهُونَ ٦ them in their excessiveness addling theyz. 111. And had surely We nazzal'na (We iteratively descended) * وَلَوْ أُنَّنَا نَزَّلْنَاۤ إِلَيْهُ ٱلۡمَلۡتِكَةَ to them the angels and spoke (to) them the dead and وَكُلُّمَهُمُ ٱلَّوْتَىٰ وَحَشَرْنَا عَلَيْهُمْ We thronged over them everything, openly/overtly كُلَّ شَيْء قُبُلاً مَّا كَانُواْ لِيُؤْمِنُوْاْ not they were to believe except if Allah wills; [and,] الَّا أَن يَشَآءَ ٱللَّهُ وَلَكِئَّ but most (of) them yajhaloona¹⁶¹¹ (they act ignorantly or incorrectly). وَكَذَالِكَ جَعَلُنَا لِكُلِّ نَيِّ عَدُوًّا 112. And like tha'leka (afar-that-it) × We made for each prophet a foe¹⁶¹² the humankind's and the Jinn's شَيَىطِينَ ٱلْإِنسِ وَٱلْجِنِّ يُوحِي Satans [reveal] 1613 some (of) them to some a gilded 1614 مُ إِلَىٰ بَعْضِ زُخُرُفَ (of) the say a deceptively; and if willed your Lord not ٱلْقُولِ غُرُورًا وَلُو شَآءَ رَبُّكَ مَا did it they ; so tharrhom [1615] (let-alone/forsake [yous] them) فَعَلُوهُ فَذُرُهُمْ وَمَا يَفَتُرُورِ كَ and what yaftarona(they² craft a lie for fraudulent end). 113. And to tassgha (fondlingly incline) to it a fedato (keenpreoccupation of the hearts) (of) whom they believe not by the Here-after^w; and to delight it^x they^z and to commit وَلِيَقَتَرِفُواْ مَا هُم مُّقَتَرِفُونَ

they whatever they (are) committing.

[&]quot;i.e. affirmation, expressed here by "assuredly"." i.e. affirmation, expressed here by "assuredly"." 1606 This "it" for "i.e. the fact, or reality.

¹⁶⁰⁷ This last sentence of this great Ayab is an informative interrogative construct, i.e. informing in inquiry format. That is, Allah is asking and informing the "believer," not the unbelievers, how do they know that if such an Ayah were to come they will *not* believe in it? Hence, saying "تَوْمنُون" not "يَوْمنُون" not "يَوْمنُون" The word "قَلْب" is the intensive form of "قلب" thus, their heart and sight are transposed *time and again* in the

affair, like they did before and failed to believe, so this time too.

¹⁶⁰⁹ The Árabic word "فؤلا" is plural of "فؤلا" = keen-preoccupation of the heart.

¹⁶¹⁰ The word "tharr," in "غنرهم" = "let-[you8] alone/forsake/desert" has no English equivalent per se, so we transliterate and parenthetically explain.

[&]quot;ב الله word "يجهلون" ="tajhaloon" is rooted in "جهل" meaning: (1) was ignorant of, (2) believed in some thing contrary to reality, (3) did something not correct.

1612 The word "عو", "in Arabic is used for:(1) singular and (2) plural as well as (3) "multitudinous foe," see اللبان.

¹⁶¹³ See footnote 1440 regarding reveal.

1614 The word "خرف" means gilded or "seemingly attaractivet".

¹⁶¹⁵ See footnote 1549 above regarding tharr.

114. Do then other than Allah <i>abtaghey</i> ¹⁶¹⁶ ([<i>I</i> <i>earnestly-quest</i>) a referee; while He Who descended to you ^b The Book <i>mufassalan</i> ¹⁶¹⁷ (<i>it</i> ^x <i>being expounded</i>); and whom ^r <i>aa'taynahom</i> (<i>We accorded/given them</i>) the book ^x they ^z know that it ^x (<i>is</i>) surely <i>munazzalon</i> ¹⁶¹⁸ (<i>that which had been descended</i>) from your ^t Lord by the right, so assuredly let-not be [<i>you</i> ^s] of the dubitantes.	أَفْغَيْرُ ٱللَّهِ أَبْتَغِي حَكَمًا وَهُوَ اللَّهِ أَبْتَغِي حَكَمًا وَهُوَ الَّذِيّ أَنْزِلَ إِلَيْكُمُ ٱلْكِتَبَ مُفَصَّلًا وَٱلَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَهُمُ الْكِتَبَ هُو اللَّذِينَ ءَاتَيْنَهُمُ الْكِتَبَ يَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ مُثَرَّلٌ مِّن الْكِتَبَ يَعْلَمُونَ أَنَّهُ مُثَرَّلٌ مِن اللَّهُ مُثَرَّلٌ مِن رَبِي اللَّهُ فَلَا تَكُونَنَ مِن اللهُ اللهُ مُثَرِينَ هِ اللهُ الهُ ا
115. And concluded w your the Lord's word with truthfully and justly no substituter for His words wand He (is) The Sameeo ¹⁶¹⁹ (The Acute-Hearer/he Enabler of others to hear/favorable Answerer to prayer) The Omniscient.	وَتَمَّتُ كِلِمَتُ رَبّكَ صِدُقًا وَعَدُلاً لَا كَلِمَتِهِ مَ اللّهُ وَعَدُلاً لَا مُبَدِّلَ لِكَلِمَتِهِ مَ وَعَدُلاً اللّهِ مِيعُ ٱلْعَلِيمُ ﴿
116. And en(if)[you ^s]obey most(of) whom ^p (are) in the Earth ^w they ^z mislead you ^g a'n (regarding) Allah's path; en (not) yatta'beona (closely-follow they ^z) except the presumption, and not they except conjecturing.	وَإِن تُطِعْ أَكْثَرَ مَن فِي ٱلْأَرْضِ يُضِلُّوكَ عَن سَبيل ٱللَّهِ إِن يَتَّبَعُونَ إِلَّا ٱلظَّنَّ وَإِنَّ هُمُ إِلَّا تَتَّبُعُونَ إِلَّا ٱلظَّنَّ وَإِنَّ هُمُ إِلَّا تَخُرُّ صُونَ ﴿
117. Verily your ^t Lord He (<i>is</i>) knowinger (<i>of</i>) whom ^p [<i>he</i>] strays <i>a'n</i> (<i>off</i>) His path, and He (<i>is</i>) knowinger by the <i>muhtadeena</i> ¹⁶²⁰ (<i>they who found and accepted the divine-guidance</i>).	إِنَّ رَبَّكَ هُوَ أَعْلَمُ مَن يَضِلُّ عَن سَبِيلهِ وَهُوَ أَعْلَمُ اللهِ عَلَمُ اللهِ عَلَمُ اللهِ عَلَمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ عَلَمُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ المِلْمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ المُلْمُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِيَّالِي اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ المَا اله
118. So let eat you ^z of what (<i>had been</i>) mentioned Allah's name on it, ^x <i>en</i> (<i>if/since</i>) you ^c were by His <i>Aya'te</i> ^w (<i>messages</i>) believers.	فَكُلُواْ مِمَّا ذُكِرَ ٱشَمُ ٱللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ إِن كُنتُم بِعَايَىتِهِ مِثَاقِينِينَ ﴿
119. And what (is) for you ^b that not you ^z eat of what (had been) mentioned Allah's name on it x; and qad (already and affirmatively) [He] expounded for you ^b what [He] forbad on you ^b except what you ^z (had been) forced to it x; and verily many surely mislead they ^z by their ahma ¹⁶²¹ (tendentious likings) by other than knowledge; verily your ^t Lord He (is) knowinger by the aggressors.	وَمَا لَكُمْ أَلَّا تَأْكُلُواْ مِمَّا ذُكِرَ السَّمُ اللَّهِ عَلَيْهِ وَقَدْ فَصَّلَ لَكُم مَّا حَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمْ إِلَّا مَا اصْطُرِرْتُمْ إِلَيْهِ وَإِنَّ كَثِيرًا الشَّطُونَ بِأَهْوَ آبِهِم بِغَيْر عِلْمِ النَّيْطِ اللَّهُ وَآبِهِم بِغَيْر عِلْمِ إِنَّ كَثِيرًا إِنَّ كَثِيرًا لَيْهِ فَا أَعْلَمُ بِاللَّمُعْتَدِينَ إِنَّ كَثِيرًا إِنَّ كَالِيلًا عَلَيْ إِنَّ كَثِيرًا إِنَّ كَاللَّهُ عَلَيْلًا إِنَّ كَثِيرًا إِنَّ كَثِيرًا إِنَّ كَثِيرًا إِنَّ كَثِيرًا إِنَّ كَثِيرًا إِنَّ كَثِيرًا إِنَّ كَا إِنَّ كَثِيرًا إِنَّ كَا إِنَّ كَاللَّهُ عَلَامً إِنَّ كَالِمُ أَنِيلًا إِنْ مَنِيلًا إِنَّ كَثِيرًا إِنَّ كَالِمُ اللَّهُ عَلَيْمٍ عَلَيْمِ عَلَيْمِ اللْعَلَى الْمُؤْلِقَ الْمُعْتَدِينَ كَالِيلًا إِنْ كَاللَّهُ عَلَيْمٍ اللْعَلَامُ اللْعَلَامُ الللْعَلَيْمِ اللْعَلَيْمِ اللْعَلَى الْعَلَيْمِ اللْعَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَيْمِ اللْعَلَيْمِ اللْعَلَيْمِ اللْعَلَى الْعَلَامُ اللَّهُ الْعَلَى الْعَلَامُ الللّهُ الْعَلَيْمِ الللّهُ الْعَلَيْمِ اللّهُ الْعَلَى الْعَلَامُ اللّهُ الْعَلَامُ اللّهُ الْعَلَيْمِ الللّهُ الْعَلَيْمُ الللّهُ الْعَلَى الْعَلَمُ الللّهُ الْعَلَيْمِ اللّهُ الْعَلَيْمُ اللّهُ الْعَلَامُ اللّهُ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلِيلُولِي الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلِيمِ الْعَلِيمِ الْعَلِيمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلْمُ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلْمُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَيْمُ الْعَلَيْمُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَيْمِ الْعَلَامِ الْعَلَامُ الْعَلَامُ
120. And <i>tharo</i> (<i>let-you</i> ^z <i>forsake/leave-off</i>) overt (<i>of</i>) the sin ^x and its ^x covert; verily who ^r they ^z earn the sin they ^z shall (<i>be</i>) requited by what they ^z were committing.	وَذُرُواْ ظُنهرَ ٱلْاِثْمر وَبَاطِنَهُرَ ۗ إِنَّ اللَّهِ لَمْ اللَّائِمُ اللَّائِمُ اللَّهُمَ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُمُ اللَّالِمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُمُ اللَّهُم

¹⁶¹⁶ The word "dlu ביני" "שליב" meaning: earnestly quested.

1617 The word "mufassala = "אפֿט" is singular, masculine, objective noun, meaning that which is made expounded.

1618 The word "munazzalon" is singular, masculine, objective noun, meaning: that which had been descended.

1619 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for this multi-meaning word = "Lexicon attached to this Translation for "muhtadee" and its plural "muhtadoon" / "muhtadeen."

1620 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "muhtadee" and its plural "muhtadoon" / "muhtadeen."

1621 The word "هُوَى"," is singular of "هُوَالْكِيّر " translated as "(tendentious) liking," which in and of itself could be good or bad noble or vile. The Messenger (SAWS) says that believe not anyone of you until his "هوى" agrees with what I came with, i.e. The Our'n and Hadeeth i.e. The Qur'an and Hadeeth.

121. And let-not eat you^z of what not (had been) mentioned Allah's name on it^x; and verily it^x (is) surely a fesqon¹⁶²² (a rebellion vis-à-vis Allah's command); and verily the Satans surely [reveal] 1623 to their aw'leya'e 1624 (guardians-/allies) to dispute you they; and en (if) you obeyed them, certainly you b (are) surely mushrekoona (he-they who partner deities with Allah/he-polytheists). 122. Is [and] whop [he] [was] dead then We quickened him and We made for him an illumination [he] walks by itx in the mankind, like whom^p his parable^x/example^x (is) مُّثَلُّهُ فِي ٱلظُّلُمَاتِ لَيُّسَ in the darknesses w not surely [he] (is) egressing from itw; بِخَارِجِ مِّنْهَا كُذَٰ لِكَ زُيِّنَ لِلكَيفِرِينَ like tha'leka (that-afar-it/that) (had been) adorned for the unbelievers what they were working. 123. And like tha'leka (afar-that-it) × We made in every village w its w bigs criminals to machinate they in it w; and not they machinate except by their selves and not they^z perceive. 124. And if came w (to) them an Aya'ton w (message/prophethood) جَآءَتُّهُمُ ءَايَةٌ قَالُواْ لَن said they^z: never [we] believe until [we] (are) given like what (had been) given Allah's messengers; Allah (is) knowinger whence [He] make/emplaces His message; will betide whom ajramno 1625 (he-they who had committed crime) cringe enda (by rule of) Allah and a severe torment by what they were machinating. 125. So whomever Allah wants to divinely-guide yashrah ([He] delightedly opens) his chest for Islam; and whomever [He] wants to mislead him [He] makes his chest narrow harajan¹⁶²⁶ (constrictive/sinful) as if only yassa'ado (to distressingly gradually-ascends[he])¹⁶²⁷ in the sky^w; like كُذُالِكُ يَحُعُلُ tha'leka (afar-that-it) x makes Allah rejsa^x (filth/anathema)^x over whom^r not believe they^z. 126. And this (is) Sseratto (road/way) (of) your Lord straight, qad (already and affirmatively) expounded We the Aya'te^w (messages/signs/proofs) for a people yadhdhakkarona (repetitively-reminisce they z).

¹⁶²² See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an elaboration on this rather important word.

See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an elaboration on this rather important word.

1623 See footnote 1430 above regarding reveal.

1624 The word "أجرم" could also mean: friends, protectors.

1625 The word "أجرم" is made up of two parts: (1) "أجرم" and (2) the "أجرمو" the absentees masculine speakers' pronoun for a plural. However, part (1) "أجرم" is a past tense for which there is no English correspondent verb. So, the closest approximation to that is: "crime committed," which slightly different then the original text.

1626 The word "عرب" " " "ألسان" e.g.: if you were to get two identical sheets of papers and put them congruently against one another the space between them is called "حرب" that is there is practically nothing narrower than that space between the two sheets of paper. Also, "حرب" could mean "sin."

1627 The word "معد بجهد منعب منتالي see" "صعد" as "صعد بجهد منعب منتالي See "السان" means "معد بجهد منعب منتالي See" "صعد بجهد منعب منتالي See" "صعد بجهد منعب منتالي See" "صعد "معد" " as "صعد بجهد منعب منتالي See" "معد بحهد منتال

127. For them the Peace's home^{w1628} enda (by munificence of/ by Rule of) their Lord, and He (is) their Wa'leyo (Guardian-/Ally) by what they were working.

أُمُّمَّ دَارُ ٱلسَّلَىمِ عِندَ رَبَّمَ . وَهُوَ وَلِيُّهُم بِمَا كَانُواْ يَعْمَلُونَ 📾

128. And day [He] throngs them together, O, the Jinn community gad (already and affirmatively) istakthartom¹⁶²⁹ (affirmably waxed you^z) of the humankind; and said their aw'leya1630 (guardians/allies) of the humankind: O, our Lord, istamta'a¹⁶³¹ (had lengthily affirmably enjoyed the transitory worldly delights) some of us by some and we reached our *ajala*¹⁶³² (term-limit), which x *ajjalta* ([You^g] term-limited) for us; said [He]: the Hell w(is) your mathwa* (obligatory: long-term/semi-permanent-abode) immortals (you all are) in it^w, except whatever¹⁶³³ Allah wills; verily your^t Lord (is) Hakeemon¹⁶³⁴ (infinite hekmah¹⁶³⁵ Effecter), Omniscient.

ٱلْجِيِّ قَدِ ٱسْتَكَثِّرْتُم مِّنَ ٱلْإِنس وَقَالَ أُولِيَآؤُهُم مِّنَ ٱلْإِنس رَبَّنا أَسْتَمْتَعَ بَعْضُنَا بِبَعْضِ وَبَلَغُنآ أُجَلَنَا ٱلَّذِي أُجَّلِّتَ لَنَا ۚ قَالَ ٱلنَّارُ مَثْوَلَكُمْ خَلِدِينَ فِيهَآ إِلَّا مَا شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ حَكِيمً

129. And like tha'leka (afar-that-it) × nowalli (We: empower/ enable) some (of) the dha'lemeena¹⁶³⁶ (injustice-doers) (on) some (*injustice-doers*) by what they were earning.

نَعْضًا بِمَا كَانُواْ يَكِسِبُونَ 🗂

130. O, community (of) the Jinn and the humankind: did not va'atee (appear/come to) you b messengers of (among) you^b narrating they^z on you^b My Aya'te^w (messages) and they warn you (about) your lega'a (meeting with) this-day; said they z: we witnessed/testified on our selves w; and beguiled w them the life w (of) the world w and they z witnessed/testified on their selves w that they were unbelievers.

131. Tha'leka (afar-that-it) x surely not was your t Lord muh'leka (perishing/causer to perish) the villages w by dhulmen (polytheism/injustice) while its w people (are) ghafeloona (they who are unaware).

132. And for each (are) ranks w of what they worked and your Lord (is) not indeed a neglector amma (regarding) what they work.

133. And your Lord, The Rich, mercy possessor, en (if) [He] wills [He] undoes you and yastakhlef ([He] affirmably makes vicegerents) from after you b whatever [He]

obligatory one and so "forced: long-term/semi-permanent-abode" seems to me rather appropriate.

1633 The particle "اسم موصول" = "اسم أو أداة شرط" is "إسم أو أداة شرط" = conditional noun/particle; or "اسم موصول" = connective noun meaning that which. See

¹⁶²⁸ The expression "Peace's home" is figurative Arabic tongue expression meaning: Paradise.

¹⁶²⁹ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the effect of the letter when added to a word.

¹⁶³⁰ The word "أولياء" could also mean: friends, protectors.
1631 The word "أولياء" is "أولياء" hence lengthily is added to emphasize this concept.

¹⁶³² The word "الأجل" means term-limit, see

^{*}In "مثوى" : «اللسان" in The Qur'an overwhelmingly is joined with Hell. So, whoever is in the s there by force of his/her circumstances and not by his/her choice per se. So, mathwa-abode is an

¹⁶³⁴ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an exposition on the words "حكيم" and "حكيم"

¹⁶³⁵ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "hekma."

1636 The "ظلمين" = "the injustice-doer," as "الظلم" = "injustice."

1637 The particle "اسم موصول" = "إسم موصول" = "ما" = conditional noun/particle; or "الدّر المصون، لـ احمد الحلب القرآن، لمحمود صافي and إعراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي

wills; just-as [He] constituted you b of other people's progeny/creation¹⁶³⁸. 134. Verily what you^z (are being) promised surely (it^x is) aa'ten مَا تُوعَدُورِكَ لَأُتِ وَمَآ (approaching/coming); and notyou^c(are) surely enfeeblers. 135. Let-say [you^s]: O, my people let-work you^z over yourⁿ status, verily I am a worker ([over mine]); so you will know for whom p (to) be for him the home's w1639 (world's/Hereafter's) consequence^w; verily it^x (the truth^x), إِنْهُ وَ لَا عَيقبَةُ ٱلدار not prosper the dha'lemoona¹⁶⁴⁰ (injustice-doers). 136. And they made for Allah of what thara'a ([He] created/propagated/manifested) of the hartha (tillage/-cultivation) and the an'aa'mew1641 (cattle/sheep/goats/and camels) w a lot يزعمهم وهيذا لشركآبنا then said they z: this (is) for Allah by their claim and فَمَا كَانَ لِشُرَكَآبِهِمْ this (is) for our partners (their deities); so what [was] for يَصِلُ إِلَى ٱللَّهِ وَمَا كَانَ لِلَّهِ their partners so [itx] reaches not to Allah and what لُ إِلَىٰ شُرَكَآبِهِمْ سَآءً [was] for Allah so it reaches to their partners; fouled مَا يَحْكُمُونَ 📾 what they^z rule. 137. And like tha'leka (afar-that-it) x adorned for a multitude of the mushrekeena (he-they who partner deities with Allah/he-كِيرَبُ قُتْلُ أُولُندِهِمُ polytheists) murder (of) their children their partners to yurdo¹⁶⁴² (cause to: perish/die-out) them and to addle they^z on them their religion¹⁶⁴³; and if willed Allah not done مُرِ دِينَهُمُ وَلَوْ شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ مَا it they; so let-leave them [yous] and what yaftarona(theyz فَذَرْهُمْ وَمَا يَفُتُرُورِ ﴿ craft a lie for fraudulent end). 138. And said they z: this w (are) an'aa'monw 1644 (cattle/sheep/ goats/and camels) w and harthon1645 (tillage/crops/produce) (are) sacrosanct/taboo not yatt'amo ([he] ingests) it wexcept whom^p we will, by their claim; and an'aa'mon^w (had been) forbidden wits w backs and an'aa'mon w they mention not over it " Allah's name, ifteyra'an (craftily fabricated lie for fraudulent end) on Him; [He] will requite them by what they were yaftarona (they craft a lie for fraudulent end).

¹⁶³⁸ The word "نُريَّة" linguistically has double meaning: (1) creation or (2) progeny. See الهادي. Clearly in this context creation is what applies.

¹⁶³⁹ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the word "dar" which has several meanings. Among such

meanings in this context are: (1) this world and (2) the hereafter.

1640 The "ظالمون" = "the injustice-doer," as "الأنعام" = "injustice."

1641 The word "the an'am" = "الأنعام" or "neam" "تعن" means those animals that have cloven hoof (foot) and an udder, such as the camel, the cow, the sheep, the goat, etc. In Arabic: "كل ذي خلف و ظلف" = cattle, sheep, goats, and camels

¹⁶⁴² The word "אֵננפּۿم" means to die out them, cause them to cease living completely.

¹⁶⁴³ Presumably the religion of Ismael (Ishmael), which they had corrupted.

1644 The word "the an'amo" = "الأنعام" or "neam" "عم" means those animals that have cloven hoof (foot) and an udder, such as the camel, the cow, the sheep, the goat, etc. In Arabic: "على ذى خلف و ظلف" = cattle, sheep, goats, and camels.

139. And said they what (is) in the bellies of this the an'aa'me^{w1646}(cattle/sheep/goats/and camels)^w(are)purely for our males and (are) muharramon (forbidden/illegitimate) on our spouses; and en(if)be(it*x)a carrion then they(are)in it*x sharers; requites them [He] will, (for) their description; verily He (is) Hakeemon¹⁶⁴⁷ (infinite hekmah¹⁶⁴⁸ Possessor) Omniscient.

140. Oad (already and affirmatively) lost who they killed their children preposterously by other than knowledge and they z forbad what Allah razaga (provided/availed) them ifteyra'an (craftily fabricated lie for fraudulent end)on Allah; gad (already and affirmatively) strayed they z and they were not muhtadeena¹⁶⁴⁹ (who found and accepted the divine-guidance).

ٱللَّهُ ٱفْتَرَآءً عَلَى ٱللَّهُ ۚ قَدْ ضَلُّواْ وَمَا

141. And He Who established gardens w trellised and other than trellised w and the date-palms w and the zar'aax 1650 (the vegetation after sprouting) a dissimilar its okola¹⁶⁵¹ (fruits/morsel/edibles); and the olives and the pomegranates, a look-alike and other than a similar; let-eat you^z of its^x thama're^x (trees/plants crops/fruits)^x if [it^x] athmara (fruited/cropped) and aa'to (let-[you^z] accord/allot)its^x right¹⁶⁵²(on) day of its *harvest; and let-not you z squander; verily He loves not the prodigals/squanderers.

ٱلَّذِيَ أَنشَأُ جَنَّنت خُلَ وَٱلزَّرْءَ مُحْتَلِفًا أَكُلُهُ و رَبِّي وَٱلَّهُ مَّا رِبِّي مُتَشِّيبًا مُتَشَّبِهِ كُلُواْ مِن ثُمَرِهِ-ٓ أَثْمَنَ وَءَاتُواْ حَقَّهُ يَوْمَرَ

142. And of the an'aa'me^w (cattle/sheep/goats/and camels) w a burden-carrier w1653 and a farshan1654 (small an'aa'me for consumption); let-eat you^z of what Allah provided you^z, and let-not tatta'be'o (closely-follow you?) the steps of the Satan; verily he (is) for you^z a foe¹⁶⁵⁵ manifester.

ممَّا رَزَقَكُمُ ٱللَّهُ وَلَا وأ خُطُوَّتِ ٱلشَّيْطَينِ إِنَّهُ

143. Eight pairs: of the sheep twain and of the goat twain; let-say [you^s]: did the twain male forbad [He] or the twain females; or (that) comprised w [on it x] the twain females' wombs; nabbe'oney (let inform me you f by piece-ofsignificant-and-availing-news) by knowledge, en (if) you c were ssadegeena (always-truth-enforcers).

ٱثُّنَيْنِ وَمِ ﴾ ٱلُّمَعْزِ ٱثُّنَيْنِ قُلُّ

144. And of the camels twain and of the cattle wain let-

مِنَ ٱلْآبِلِ ٱثَّنِيْنِ وَمِ . . .

¹⁶⁴⁶ Ibid.

[&]quot;. حكيم" and "الحكيم" and "الحكيم" and "عكيم" and "عكيم" and "الحكيم" and "عكيم" and "ع

¹⁶⁴⁸ See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for "hekma."
1649 See the *Lexicon* attached to this *Translation* for "muhtadee" and its plural "muhtadoon"/ "muhtadeen."

¹⁶⁵⁰ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation or the Introduction for details on this unique word.
1651 The word "okol'e" = "کان" is singular, masculine, subjective noun having several meanings: (1) the fruits, (2) the morsel/crops of any food or fruit, (3) the edibles, (4) the lot or portion of food or fruit.

¹⁶⁵² Here "its right" means the Zakah (the prescribed Sharey'a almsgiving) according to a great many commentators; but others maintain that in addition to the Zakah, this "right" means a portion of the harvest to be given as charity to the poor who happen to attend the harvesting, as was customary before the Zakah was decreed.

1653 The word "عُرِضًا" means those animals of the "an'aam" that could carry burdens on their bodies.

1654 The word "فُرِشًا" has many meanings, among them as in this context, the small an'aam for consumption.

الهادي and (2) plural as well as (3) "multitudinous foe," see المسأن and المسأن and (2) الهادي المهادي "in Arabic is used for: (1) singular and (2) المهادي

say [you^s]: did the twain male forbad [He] or the twain females; or (that) comprised [on it] the twain females' wombs; or you^c were witnesses edh(when) enjoined you^b Allah by this; so who^a (is) wronger¹⁶⁵⁶ than of whom^p iftra ([he] crafted a lie for fraudulent end) on Allah a lie to mislead [he] the mankind by other than a knowledge; verily Allah divinely-guides not the people, the dha'lemeena¹⁶⁵⁷ (injustice-doers).

145.Let-say[you^s]:[I] find not in what (had been) revealed 1658 to me muharraman (forbidden/illegitimate) on tta'emon (ingestion-taker) yatt'amo([he] ingests/eats) it x except that [it x] be a carrion or blood masfohan 1659 (which is being poured forth), or flesh (of) a swine so verily it x (is) a rejson (filth/anathema) or a fesqan 1660 (rebellion vis-à-vis Allah's command) (had been) invoked for other than Allah by it x; so whoever [he] (had been) forced other than a transgressor and neither an aggressor, then verily your Lord (is) Ghafooron (iterative Forgiver) Raheemon (iterative mercy Giver).

قُل لَّا أَجِدُ فِي مَا أُوحِيَ إِلَىَّ عُرَّمًا عَلَىٰ طَاعِمِ يَطْعَمُهُۥ إِلَّا فَحُرَّمًا عَلَىٰ طَاعِمِ يَطْعَمُهُۥ إِلَّا أَن يَكُونَ مَيْتَةً أَوْ دَمًا مَسْفُوحًا أَوْ لَحْمَ خِنزير فَإِنَّهُۥ رَجْسُ أَوْ فِسْقًا أَهِلَّ لِغَيْرِ ٱللهِ بِهِ ۚ أَ فَمَن ٱضْطُرَّ غَيْرَ بَاغ وَلَا بِهِ قَلْ رَبَّكَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ عَادٍ فَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ عَادٍ فَإِنَّ رَبَّكَ غَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ

146. And on whom * hado¹66¹ (they who had adopted the Jewish "law"/customs/repented) We forbad every claw possessor; and of the cattle w and the sheep w We forbade on them their both fats save what bore w their both backs or the entrails or what (got) mixed by a bone; tha'leka (afar-that-it) we requited them by their baghya (selfish envy/transgression) and verily We surely (are) ssadeqoona (always truth enforcers).

147. Then *en* (*if*) they ^z denied you ^g then let-say [you^s]: your Lord (*is*) possessor (*of*) a broad ^w/vast ^w mercy ^w and not (*to be averted/forthwith-returned*) His *ba'saso* ¹⁶⁶² (*intense torment*) *a'n(off)* the people, the criminals.

فَإِن كَذَّبُوكَ فَقُل رَّبُّكُمْ ذُو رَحُمَةٍ وَاسِعَةٍ وَلَا يُرَدُّ بَأْسُهُ، عَن الَّاقَدُم الْأُمُدُ مِن ﴿

148. Shall say who r they z partnered (*deities with Allah*) had Allah willed not partnered we and nor our fathers and nor forbade we of a thing; like *tha'leka* (*afar-that-it*) denied they of before them until they tasted Our *ba'asa* (*intense torment*); let-say [you let]: do you have of a knowledge so tokhrejo (you produce) it

سَيَقُولُ ٱلَّذِينَ أَشْرَكُواْ لَوْ شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ مَا أَشْرَكُواْ لَوْ شَآءَ ٱللَّهُ مَا أَشْرَكُواْ وَلَا حَرَّمْنَا مِن شَيِّءً كَذَٰ لِكَ كَذَّبَ ٱلَّذِينَ مِن قَبِّلِهِمْ حَتَّىٰ ذَاقُواْ بَأْسَنَا أُقُلُ هَلَ عِندَكُم مِنْ عِلْمِ فَتُخْرِجُوهُ هَلْ عِندَكُم مِنْ عِلْمِ فَتُخْرِجُوهُ

173

[&]quot;injustice-doer" and "خلام" = "فاعل الظلم" = "فاعل الظلم" = "فاعل الظلم" = "فاعل الظلم" = "wronger.

[&]quot;injustice." See footnote 148 below. "" = "injustice." See footnote 148 below.

¹⁶⁵⁸ See footnote 1440 above regarding *reveal*.

¹⁶⁵⁹ The word "masfohan" is singular, masculine, objective noun, meaning that which is being poured forth, for which there is no English equivalent.

¹⁶⁶⁰ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for an elaboration on this rather important word.

¹⁶⁶¹ The word "hadd" for the singular and "hado" for the plural has three distinct Arabic meanings: (1) returned to the truth; (2) returned and repented; (3) entered into the "law" (religion) of the Jews and adopted the Jewish customs. It is interesting that the Hebrew language does not have a word for "religion" per se, that is why they say: "law," that is they say the Mosaic Law, instead of Mosaic religion.

¹⁶⁶² See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration on this wondrous word.

for us; en (not) tatta'be'ona (closely-follow youz) except the لَنَا إِن تَتَّبِعُونَ إِلَّا ٱلظَّنَّ وَإِنَّ presumption, and *en*you^f(*are*) except conjecturing.

- 149. Let-say [you s]: so for Allah (is) the ultimate w argument, w then if [He] willed surely [He] (would have) surely divinely-guided you^z wholes.
- 150. Let-av [you^s]: halomma¹⁶⁶³ (bring forth) your n witnesses-/testifiers, who r (would) testify they that Allah forbade this, so *en(if)* testified they, then let-not testify [you^s] with them and let-not tattabe'a (closely-followed [you s]) ahwa(tendentious likings)(of) whom they denied by Our Aya'tew (messages) and who believe they z not by the Hereafter w and they by their Lord ya'adeloona (they? equalize/partner other deities as coequals to Allah).
- 151. Let-say [you^s], let-come you^z [I] recite what forbade yourⁿLord on you^z: that not you^z partner (other deities) by Him a thing, and by both the begetters (parents) ehsanan (meritorious deed); and let-not you z kill your n children of penury; We narzogo ([We] provide/allot) you^b and eyyahum¹⁶⁶⁴ (indeed including them); and let-not near you the profanities w1665 what appeared-/manifested of it wand what hid; and let-not kill you the self w which ^u Allah hallowed/forbad except by the right tha'lekum (collective-afar-He) x [He] enjoined you z by it x la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) you^b cerebrate you^z.
- 152. And let-not near you^z the orphan's possession except by which u (is) ahsa'no1666 (perfecter and beautifuler) until [he] attains his ashudda¹⁶⁶⁷ (prime/full mental and physical strengths); and let-fulfill¹⁶⁶⁸ you^z the measure and the balance by the *qessttee*¹⁶⁶⁹ (rendering absolute-justice post removal of injustice); not [We] charge a self^w except its^w capacity; and if said 1670 you'then e'edelo (let-be-just you?) and albeit [he] was kin-possessor, and by Allah's covenant let-fulfill you ^z Tha'lekum (collective-afar-He) ^x [He]enjoined you^zby it, x la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) you^breminisce you^z.

شَهدُواْ فَلَا تَشْهَدُ مَعَهُمُ

أَلَّا تُشْرِكُوا بِهِ شَيُّا

وَلَا تَقْرَبُواْ مَالَ ٱلْيَتِيمِ إِلَّا بِٱلِّتِي هِيَ

174

¹⁶⁶³ The Arabic word "אלא" has several meanings, such as: come forth, come on, bring (me), give (me).
1664 The word "אני" – ",ايّاه" = an article of intensity for an objective pronoun.

as indefinitive noun or plural "الفواحش" as definitive noun) " as definitive noun) means vulgar or irreverent say or action, i.e. excess of ugliness in statement or action by an entity, a person or a group, or any of Allah's proscriptions. Some times the word "فاحشة" or "الفاحشة" is euphemistically used to mean adultery or fornication or homosexuality, as in this context.

¹⁶⁶⁶ There is no English word for الحسن = ahsane. Both words perfecter and beautifuler are in their adjective sense.

1667 The Arabic word "ashudah"="أشده" translated as [his "prime, full strength] meaning reached the ideal age of

physical and mental strengths. بالتمام " from "النمام," = "الدفاع," meaning gathering the last component of any obligation to make it a

whole. So, "اوفوا" means you endeavor and gather the last part of an obligation and fulfill it.

¹⁶⁶⁹ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for the difference between "القسط" and "العدل"."

¹⁶⁷⁰ That is to say in a statement of *judgment* or *decision* in any case of dispute.

153. And verily this (is) My Sseratte^x (road/way)^x straight, so etta'be'o (let-closely-follow you?) it and let-not tattabe'o (closely-follow you?) the paths, 1671 then sundered by you^z off His path; Tha'lekum(collective-afar-He)x enjoined youz [He] by it a la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) you b tattagoona (reverently guard you a not to displease Allah).

154. Afterwards aa'tayna (We accorded/gave) Mosa (Moses) the book conclusively¹⁶⁷² on whom^x ahasana ([he] who rendered meritorious-deed/say), and an expounding for everything, and a divine-guidance x and a mercy, w la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that/perhaps) they by their Lord's lega'a (meeting with) believe they^z.

155. And this (is) a book * We descended it * blessed * so ettabe'o (let-you z closely-follow) it x and ettago (let reverentially guard you ^z not to displease Allah) la'alla (craving currently unavailable deed that, perhaps) you turhamoona (you be mercy-

وَٱتَّقُواْ لَعَلَّكُمْ تُرْحَمُونَ 🚍

156. That-not¹⁶⁷³ you z say: verily only the book (had been) descended on ta'efatayn^w (band/party)^w of before us; and en¹⁶⁷⁴ (indeed) We were regarding their study (are) surely neglectors.

أَن تَقُولُواْ إِنَّمَآ أُنزِلَ ٱلْكِتَابُ عَلَىٰ طَآبِفَتَيْن مِن قَبْلِنَا وَإِن كُنَّا عَن دِرَاسَتِمْ لَغَنفِلِينَ 🗃

157. Or say you^z: had that we (had been) descended on us the book surely (we would have been) ahda (of better/more divinely-guided) than them; so gad (already and affirmatively) came x (to) you b evidence w from your n Lord and a divine-guidance^x and a mercy^w; so who^a (is)wronger¹⁶⁷⁵thanwho^p[he]deniedby Allah's Aya'te^w (messages/The Qur'an) and [he] shunned a'n (off) it w; [We] shall requite whom they shun a'n Our Aya'te the ill torment by what they were shunning.

أُو تَقُولُواْ لَوْ أَنَّا أَنزلَ عَلَيْنَا ٱلِّكتَبُ لَكُنَّا أَهْدَىٰ مِنْهُمْ ۚ فَقَدْ جَآءَكُم بَيِّنَةٌ مِّن رَّبَّكُمْ وَهُدَّى وَرَحْمَةٌ فَمَنْ أَظْلَمُ مِمَّن كَذَّبَ بِعَايَنتِ ٱللَّهِ يَصْدِفُونَ عَنْ ءَايَئِتنَا سُوَّءَ ٱلْعَذَابِ

158. Do they wait look except that ta'teya (descend come) (to) them the angels or ya'ateya' (sublimely/unimaginably comes) x your t Lord or ya'ateya (appear/happen) x some (of) your t Lord's Aya'tew (miracles/signs/proofs); day ya'atee^x (appear/happen)^x some (of) your^t Lord's Aya'te^w benefits not a self wits belief not had believed-shey of before or earned-she y in its w belief a khayran (worship/goodness/desirables); let-say[you^s]:let-wait you^z verily we (are) muntadheroona (ones that are waiting).

هَلْ يَنظُرُونَ إِلَّا أَن تَأْتِيَهُمُ ٱلْمَلَيْكَةُ أَوْ يَأْتِيَ رَبُّكَ أُوْ يَأْتِيَ بَعْضُ ءَايَىتِرَبِّكَ يَوْمَ يَأْتِي بَعْضُ ءَايَتِ رَبُّكَ لَا يَنفَعُ نَفْسًا إيمَنْهَا لَمْ تَكُنْ ءَامَنَتْ مِن قَبْلُ أَوْ كُسَبَتْ فِي إِيمَانِهَا خَيْرًا قُل أَنتَظِرُواْ إِنَّا مُنتَظِرُونَ ٦

¹⁶⁷¹ That is "other" paths.

¹⁶⁷² See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for more elaboration on this word, for the distinctive difference between "conclusion" and "completion." Thus, the book was given in conclusion to he who accepted it and complied with its dicta, primarily the great messenger of Allah Mosa (Moses), peace be upon him, or any one who likewise accepted the book and complied with its dicta.

1673 This "U" is for "Y" which means so-that-not.

¹⁶⁷⁴ The particle "ني" has several applications, here (and Allah knows best) it means surely, certainly, indeed.
1675 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "غاعل الظلم"= "غاعل الظلم"= "when heads surely, certainly, indeed.
1675 See the Lexicon attached to this Translation for "غاعل الظلم"= "wronger."

159. Verily who^r they^z sundered their religion and they^z إِنَّ ٱلَّذِينَ فَرَّقُوا دِينَهُمْ وَكَانُوا شِيعًا were sects/factions, 1676 not youg (are) of them of a لُّسْتَ مِنْهُمْ فِي شَيْءٍ ۚ إِنَّمَاۤ أُمِّرُهُۥ thing; verily only their matter (is) to Allah afterwards إِلَى ٱللَّهِ ثُمَّ يُنَبُّهُم مِمَا كَانُواْ يَفُعُلُونَ youna'bbe'o([He] inform by piece-of-significant-and-availingnews) them by what they were doing. 160. Whoever came x [he] by a hasanatey (meritorious-deed) xمَن جَآءَ بِٱلْحُسَنةِ فَلَهُ و عَشْرُ أَمْثَالِهَا verily for him ten folds its like, and whoever camex [he] by the sayye'aa'te^w (demeritorious-deed)^w then not (to وَمَن جَآءَ بِٱلسَّيَّئَةِ فَلَا تُجُّزَيَّ إِلَّا be) requited [he] except its wlike, while they (are) not مِثْلُهَا وَهُمْ لَا يُظْلَمُونَ ٦ yodh'lamoona¹⁶⁷⁷ (to be wronged they^z). 161. Let-say [you^s]: verily I divinely-guided me my Lord to Sseratten (single and specific Path) straight, a religion geyaman¹⁶⁷⁸ (forthright/suitable for living), (Ebraheema's (Abraham)'s sect^w/faith^w haneefan¹⁶⁷⁹ (rightly inclined he) حَنِيفًا وَمَاكَانَ مِنَ ٱلْمُشْرِكِينَ 📾 and [he] was not of the mushrekeena (he-they who partner deities with Allah/he-polytheists). 162. Let-say[you^s]:verily my Prayer^w and my nosok (worship-قُلُ إِنَّ صَلَاتِي وَنُسُكِي وَخُيَّايَ commands/especiallyconcerningHajj,i.e.pilgrimageto Mecca)^x and my living and my dying (all are) for Allah the وَمَمَاتِ لِلَّهِ رَبِّ ٱلْعَالَمِينَ 📹 worlds' Lord. 163. No partner for Him and by tha'leka (afar-that-it) x I لَا شَرِيكَ لَهُ ﴿ وَبِذَ ٰ لِكَ أُمِرْتُ وَأَنَا ۗ (had been) commanded and I am the Muslims' first. أُوَّلُ ٱلْسُلِمِينَ 🚌 164. Let-say [you^s]: do other than Allah [I] desire a Lord قُلْ أَغَيْرَ ٱللَّهِ أَبْنِي رَبًّا وَهُوَ رَبُّ كُلِّ while He (is) Lord (of) everything; and earns w not شَيْء ۚ وَلَا تَكْسِبُ كُلُّ نَفْس إلَّا every self wexcept on it w; and not ta'zero (ill-burdens, sins, offends) a wa'zeyra'ton (she-ill-burden-bearer/she-عَلَيْهَا ۚ وَلَا تَرْرُ وَازِرَةٌ وزْرَ أُخْرَىٰ ۚ ثُمَّ sinner/she-offender) another's wezra (an ill-burden/sin/-إِلَىٰ رَبُّكُم مِّرْجِعُكُم فَيُنبِّعُكُم بِمَا offense) 1680; afterwards to your Lord (is) your return, then youn'bbe'o ([He] inform by piece-of-significant-and-كُنتُمْ فِيهِ تَخْتَلِفُونَ ٦ availing-news) you^b by what you^c were in it^x differing. وَهُوَ ٱلَّذِي جَعَلَكُمْ خَلَتِهِفَٱلْأَرْض 165. And He Who made you b the Earth's w khala'ef 1681 (iterative successors) and [He] raised some (of) you b وَرَفَعَ بَعْضَكُمْ فَوْقَ بَعْض دَرَجَتِ above some ranks w to essay you [He] in what aa'ta لِّيَبُلُوكُمْ فِي مَآ ءَاتَنكُرُ ۚ إِنَّ رَبَّكَ ([He] accorded/allot)you^b; verily your^tLord (is) swift (in) سَريعُ ٱلْعِقَابِ وَإِنَّهُ لَغَفُورٌ رَّحِيمٌ the punishment and verily He surely (is) Ghafooron (iterative Forgiver) Raheemon (iterative mercy Giver).

¹⁶⁸⁰ See the Lexicon attached to this Translation regarding ill-burden.

[&]quot;sects/factions" in the sense of a smaller cohesive groups contentious with respect to a larger "شيع" "sects/factions" in the sense of a smaller cohesive groups contentious with respect to a larger group following and succoring each other.

¹⁶⁷⁷ The word "wrongs" has myriads of meanings, among them: curtails or diminishes, as in this Ayah.
1678 The word "سقيما" :e. means forthright/suitable for living. See اللسان ، الراغب القرآن، لمحمود صافي is an adverbial construct, hence "leanly." See عراب القرآن، لمحمود صافي. "leaning" is to the sound religion or faith of Ibraheem's (Abraham's); as he leaned away from his people's faith which was based on multiple idols' worships.

ا أوادة " plural for "خليفة" successor, i.e. a masculine plural; while "خلائف" plural of "خلائف". +